

Product datasheet for TA392548S

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Progesterone Receptor (PGR) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1:2000~1:5000 IHC: 1:50~1:200

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide, corresponding to Human PR.

Specificity: PR polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of PR protein.

Formulation: Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2.

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year

Predicted Protein Size: ~ 125 kDa

Gene Name: progesterone receptor

Database Link: Entrez Gene 5241 Human

P06401

Background: Human progesterone receptor (PR) is expressed as two forms: the full length PR-B and the

short form PR-A. PR-A lacks the first 164 amino acid residues of PR-B. Both PR-A and PR-B are ligand activated, but differ in their relative ability to activate target gene transcription. The

activity of PR is regulated by phosphorylation; at least seven serine residues are

phosphorylated in its amino-terminal domain. Three sites (Ser81, Ser102, and Ser162) are unique to full length PR-B, while other sites (Ser190, Ser294, Ser345, and Ser400) are shared by both isoforms. Phosphorylation of PR-B at Ser190 (equivalent to Ser26 of PR-A) is catalyzed

by CDK2. Mutation of Ser190 results in decreased activity of PR, suggesting that the

phosphorylation at Ser190 may be critical to its biological function.

Synonyms: NR3C3; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 3; PGR; PR; Progesterone receptor

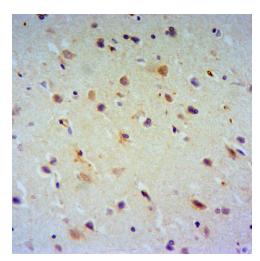




Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.

Product images:



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human Brain using PR antibody at dilution of 1:50.