

Product datasheet for TA392450S

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 1 (ACE) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1:1000~1:2000

Reactivity: Rat, Mouse

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Recombinant protein of human CD143.

Specificity: CD143 polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of CD143 protein. **Formulation:** Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2.

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year

Predicted Protein Size: ~ 170 kDa

Gene Name: angiotensin I converting enzyme

Database Link: P12821



Background:

Dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase that removes dipeptides from the C-terminus of a variety of circulating hormones, such as angiotensin I, bradykinin or enkephalins, thereby playing a key role in the regulation of blood pressure, electrolyte homeostasis or synaptic plasticity Composed of two similar catalytic domains, each possessing a functional active site, with different selectivity for substrates .Plays a major role in the angiotensin-renin system that regulates blood pressure and sodium retention by the kidney by converting angiotensin I to angiotensin II, resulting in an increase of the vasoconstrictor activity of angiotensin .Also able to inactivate bradykinin, a potent vasodilator, and therefore enhance the blood pressure response. Acts as a regulator of synaptic transmission by mediating cleavage of neuropeptide hormones, such as substance P, neurotensin or enkephalins. Catalyzes degradation of different enkephalin neuropeptides (Met-enkephalin, Leu-enkephalin, Met-enkephalin-Arg-Phe and possibly Met-enkephalin-Arg-Gly-Leu). Acts as a regulator of synaptic plasticity in the nucleus accumbens of the brain by mediating cleavage of Met-enkephalin-Arg-Phe, a strong ligand of Mu-type opioid receptor OPRM1, into Met-enkephalin (By similarity). Met-enkephalin-Arg-Phe cleavage by ACE decreases activation of OPRM1, leading to long-term synaptic potentiation of glutamate release (By similarity). Also acts as a regulator of hematopoietic stem cell differentiation by mediating degradation of hemoregulatory peptide N-acetyl-SDKP (AcSDKP). Acts as a regulator of cannabinoid signaling pathway by mediating degradation of hemopressin, an antagonist peptide of the cannabinoid receptor CNR1.Involved in amyloidbeta metabolism by catalyzing degradation of Amyloid-beta protein 40 and Amyloid-beta protein 42 peptides, thereby preventing plaque formation. Catalyzes cleavage of cholecystokinin (maturation of Cholecystokinin-8 and Cholecystokinin-5) and Gonadoliberin-1 (both maturation and degradation) hormones. Degradation of hemoregulatory peptide Nacetyl-SDKP (AcSDKP) and amyloid-beta proteins is mediated by the N-terminal catalytic domain, while angiotensin I and cholecystokinin cleavage is mediated by the C-terminal catalytic region.

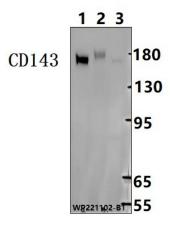
Synonyms: ACE; Angiotensin-converting enzyme; Angiotensin-converting enzyme, soluble form; CD143;

Dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase; Kininase II

Note: For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.



Product images:



WesWestern blot (WB) analysis of CD143 polyclonal antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane1:The lung tissue lysate of Mouse(30ug) Lane2:The lung tissue lysate of Rat(30ug) Lane3:The kidney tissue lysate of Mouse(30ug)