

Product datasheet for TA389747

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Hyaluronan synthase 2 (HAS2) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB,1:100 - 1:500

ELISA,Recommended starting concentration is 1 μg/mL. Please optimize the concentration

based on your specific assay requirements.

Reactivity: Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Formulation: Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 64kDa

Gene Name: hyaluronan synthase 2

Database Link: Q92819

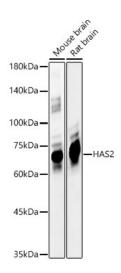


Background:

Hyaluronan or hyaluronic acid (HA) is a high molecular weight unbranched polysaccharide synthesized by a wide variety of organisms from bacteria to mammals, and is a constituent of the extracellular matrix. It consists of alternating glucuronic acid and N-acetylglucosamine residues that are linked by beta-1-3 and beta-1-4 glycosidic bonds. HA is synthesized by membrane-bound synthase at the inner surface of the plasma membrane, and the chains are extruded through pore-like structures into the extracellular space. It serves a variety of functions, including space filling, lubrication of joints, and provision of a matrix through which cells can migrate. HA is actively produced during wound healing and tissue repair to provide a framework for ingrowth of blood vessels and fibroblasts. Changes in the serum concentration of HA are associated with inflammatory and degenerative arthropathies such as rheumatoid arthritis. In addition, the interaction of HA with the leukocyte receptor CD44 is important in tissue-specific homing by leukocytes, and overexpression of HA receptors has been correlated with tumor metastasis. HAS2 is a member of the newly identified vertebrate gene family encoding putative hyaluronan synthases, and its amino acid sequence shows significant homology to glycosaminoglycan synthetase (DG42) from Xenopus laevis, and human and murine hyaluronan synthase 1.

Synonyms: MGC126241; MGC126242

Product images:



Western blot analysis of various lysates