

## **Product datasheet for TA389126**

## **EPHA2 Mouse Antibody [Clone ID: M088]**

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: M088
Applications: ICC, IP

Recommended Dilution: ICC: 1:200

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

**Immunogen:** Clone (M088) was generated from a recombinant protein that included the extracellular

region of human EphA2 protein.

**Specificity:** Clone M088 mouse monoclonal antibody detects native human EphA2, as well as aldehyde-

fixed EphA2. The antibody works for staining in immunocytochemistry, capture and detection

in ELISA, and native immunoprecipitation assays.

Formulation: PBS + 1 mg/ml BSA, 0.05% NaN3 and 50% glycerol

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Protein G Purified

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Storage at -20°C is recommended, as aliquots may be taken without freeze/thawing due to

presence of 50% glycerol. Stable for at least 1 year at -20°C.

**Stability:** After date of receipt, stable for at least 1 year at -20°C.

Predicted Protein Size: 125

Database Link: P29317



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Background:

The Eph family of receptor tyrosine kinases and their Ephrin ligands are important for cell positioning and morphogenesis during development. Eph receptors are classified into 10 EphA and 6 EphB receptors, which preferentially bind to the type A and type B ephrins, respectively. Ephrin type-A receptor 2 (EphA2), also known as epithelial cell kinase (Eck), binds the ephrin A1 (EFNA1) ligand, and has roles in neuronal development and repair, as well as carcinogenesis. EphA2 receptor has an N-terminal ligand-binding domain followed by a cysteine-rich domain with an epidermal growth factor-like motif and two fibronectin type-III repeats in the extracellular region, and a sterile alpha motif (SAM), and a PDZ domain-binding motif in the intracellular region. EphA2 is expressed in many types of cancers, including breast, colon, bladder, gastric, and glioblastoma. In bladder cancers, EphA2 may be activated by progranulin leading to phosphorylation at Ser-897 and bladder tumorigenesis. EphA2 may be an important therapeutic target and biomarker for several types of cancer.

Note:

Protein G purified tissue culture supernatant.