

## **Product datasheet for TA388906**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## **IL1B Goat Polyclonal Antibody**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilution: Sandwich ELISA: To detect hIL-1 beta by sandwich ELISA (using 100 ul/well antibody solution)

a concentration of  $0.5 - 2.0 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$  of this antibody is required. This antigen affinity purified antibody, in conjunction with ProSci's Biotinylated Anti-Human IL-1 beta as a detection antibody, allows the detection of at least  $0.2 - 0.4 \,\text{ng/well}$  of recombinant hIL-1 beta.

Western Blot

To detect hIL-1beta by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 ug/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant hIL-1beta is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing

conditions.

Reactivity: Human Host: Goat

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** Produced from sera of goats pre-immunized with highly pure (>98%) recombinant hIL-1 beta.

Anti-HumanIL-1beta specific antibody was purified by affinity chromatography employing

immobilized hIL-1beta matrix.

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** IL-1 beta specific antibody was purified by affinity chromatography employing immobilized

hIL-1 beta matrix

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Database Link: P01584





## Background:

IL-1 beta is a proinflammatory cytokine produced in a variety of cells, including monocytes, tissue macrophages, keratinocytes, and other epithelial cells. Both IL-1 alpha and IL-1 beta bind to the same receptor and have similar, if not identical, biological properties. These cytokines have a broad range of activities including the stimulation of thymocyte proliferation by inducing IL-2 release, B cell maturation and proliferation, mitogenic FGF-like activity, and the release of prostaglandin and collagenase from synovial cells. However, whereas IL-1 beta is a secreted cytokine, IL-1 alpha is predominantly a cell-associated cytokine. Recombinant Human IL-1 beta is a 17.3 kDa protein containing 153 amino acid residues.