

Product datasheet for TA388899

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IL1B Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilution: Sandwich ELISA: In a sandwich ELISA (assuming 100ul/well), a concentration of 0.25-0.50

µg/ml of this antibody will detect at least 100pg/ml of Recombinant Human IL-1 beta when used with ProSci's Biotinylated Antigen Affinity Purified Anti-Human IL-1beta as the detection

antibody at a concentration of approximately 0.25-0.50 µg/ml.

Western Blot

To detect Human IL-1 beta by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.25-0.50 μ g/ml. When used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, the detection limit for Recombinant Human IL-1beta is 2.0-4.0 μ g/lane, under

reducing conditions and 4.0-8.0 ng/lane, under non-reducing conditions.

Reactivity: Human Host: Mouse

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Produced in BALB/c mice immunized with highly pure Recombinant Human IL-1beta. Anti-

Human IL-1 beta-specific antibody was purified from cell culture by Protein G affinity

chromatography.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: IL-1 beta-specific antibody was purified from cell culture by Protein G affinity chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Database Link: P01584





Background:

IL-1 beta is a proinflammatory cytokine produced in a variety of cells, including monocytes, tissue macrophages, keratinocytes, and other epithelial cells. Both IL-1 alpha and IL-1 beta bind to the same receptor and have similar, if not identical, biological properties. These cytokines have a broad range of activities including the stimulation of thymocyte proliferation by inducing IL-2 release, B cell maturation and proliferation, mitogenic FGF-like activity, and the release of prostaglandin and collagenase from synovial cells. However, whereas IL-1 beta is a secreted cytokine, IL-1 alpha is predominantly a cell-associated cytokine. Recombinant Human IL-1 beta is a 17.3 kDa protein containing 153 amino acid residues.