

## **Product datasheet for TA388629M**

# **NOP53 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:500-1:1000

Reactivity: Rat, Human

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Recombinant Human Ribosome biogenesis protein NOP53 protein (227-405AA)

Formulation: Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300

Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** >95%, Protein G purified

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

**Stability:** 1 year from dispatch.

Database Link: Q9NZM5

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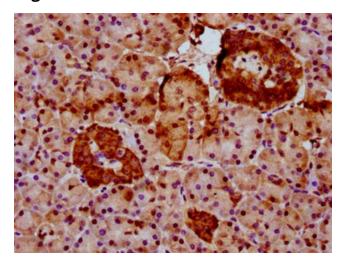
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#### Background:

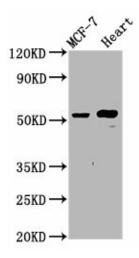
Nucleolar protein which is involved in the integration of the 5S RNP into the ribosomal large subunit during ribosome biogenesis (PubMed:24120868). In ribosome biogenesis, may also play a role in rRNA transcription (PubMed:27729611). Also functions as a nucleolar sensor that regulates the activation of p53/TP53 in response to ribosome biogenesis perturbation, DNA damage and other stress conditions (PubMed:21741933, PubMed:24120868, PubMed:27829214). DNA damage or perturbation of ribosome biogenesis disrupt the interaction between NOP53 and RPL11 allowing RPL11 transport to the nucleoplasm where it can inhibit MDM2 and allow p53/TP53 activation (PubMed:24120868, PubMed:27829214). It may also positively regulate the function of p53/TP53 in cell cycle arrest and apoptosis through direct interaction, preventing its MDM2-dependent ubiquitin-mediated proteasomal degradation (PubMed:22522597). Originally identified as a tumor suppressor, it may also play a role in cell proliferation and apoptosis by positively regulating the stability of PTEN, thereby antagonizing the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway (PubMed:15355975, PubMed:16971513, PubMed:27729611). May also inhibit cell proliferation and increase apoptosis through its interaction with NF2 (PubMed:21167305). May negatively regulate NPM1 by regulating its nucleoplasmic localization, oligomerization and ubiquitin-mediated proteasomal degradation (PubMed:25818168). Thereby, may prevent NPM1 interaction with MYC and negatively regulate transcription mediated by the MYC-NPM1 complex (PubMed:25956029). May also regulate cellular aerobic respiration (PubMed:24556985). In the cellular response to viral infection, may play a role in the attenuation of interferon-beta through the inhibition of DDX58/RIG-1 (PubMed:27824081).

### **Product images:**



IHC image of [TA388629] diluted at 1:600 and staining in paraffin-embedded human pancreatic tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.





Western Blot

Positive WB detected in: MCF-7 whole cell lysate,

Rat heart tissue

All lanes: NOP53 antibody at 4.8µg/ml

Secondary

Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 55 kDa Observed band size: 55 kDa