

Product datasheet for TA385156

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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NF-kB p65 (RELA) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 5F4-4E1-5H8]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 5F4-4E1-5H8

Applications: IHC

Recommended Dilution: IHC: 1/100-200

Reactivity: Human, Rat, Mouse

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide conjugated to KLH. (Acetylated)

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.03% Proclin 300, pH 7.3.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year Predicted Protein Size: 65kDa

Gene Name: RELA proto-oncogene, NF-kB subunit

Database Link: Entrez Gene 5970 Human

Q04206



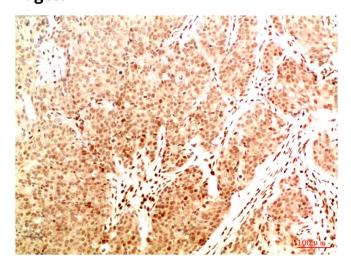


Background:

Swiss-Prot Acc.Q04206.NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor present in almost all cell types and is the endpoint of a series of signal transduction events that are initiated by a vast array of stimuli related to many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex appears to be involved in invasin-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. The inhibitory effect of I-kappa-B upon NF-kappa-B the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with p65. p65 shows a weak DNA-binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF-kappa-B complex. Associates with chromatin at the NF-kappa-B promoter region via association with DDX1. Essential for cytokine gene expression in T-cells (PubMed:15790681).

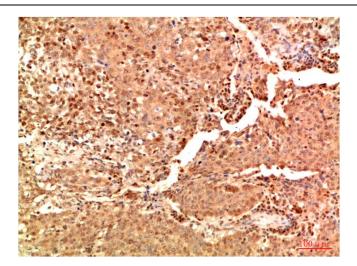
Synonyms: MGC131774; NFKB3; p65

Product images:



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human Breast Carcinoma Tissue using Acetyl-NF-KB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (5F4) antibody.High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded Human tonsils using Acetyl-NF-KB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (5F4) antibody.High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.