

Product datasheet for TA384743M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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INK1 (MAPK8) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: R08-6G2]

Product data:

Isotype:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: R08-6G2

Applications: IF, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1/1000

ICC/IF: 1/50 IP: 1/20

Reactivity: Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Recombinant protein of human JNK1

lgG

Formulation: 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA

Concentration: lot specific

Purification:Affinity PurifiedConjugation:Unconjugated

Storage: Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year

Predicted Protein Size: Calculated MW: 48,53 kDa; Observed MW: 46,54 kDa

Gene Name: mitogen-activated protein kinase 8

Database Link: P45983



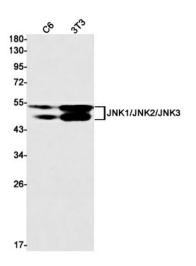
Background:

Swiss-Prot Acc.P45983.Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, transformation and programmed cell death. Extracellular stimuli such as proinflammatory cytokines or physical stress stimulate the stress-activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. In this cascade, two dual specificity kinases MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 phosphorylate and activate MAPK8/JNK1. In turn, MAPK8/JNK1 phosphorylates a number of transcription factors, primarily components of AP-1 such as JUN, JDP2 and ATF2 and thus regulates AP-1 transcriptional activity. Phosphorylates the replication licensing factor CDT1, inhibiting the interaction between CDT1 and the histone H4 acetylase HBO1 to replication origins. Loss of this interaction abrogates the acetylation required for replication initiation. Promotes stressed cell apoptosis by phosphorylating key regulatory factors including p53/TP53 and Yesassociates protein YAP1. In T-cells, MAPK8 and MAPK9 are required for polarized differentiation of T-helper cells into Th1 cells. Contributes to the survival of erythroid cells by phosphorylating the antagonist of cell death BAD upon EPO stimulation. Mediates starvationinduced BCL2 phosphorylation, BCL2 dissociation from BECN1, and thus activation of autophagy. Phosphorylates STMN2 and hence regulates microtubule dynamics, controlling neurite elongation in cortical neurons. In the developing brain, through its cytoplasmic activity on STMN2, negatively regulates the rate of exit from multipolar stage and of radial migration from the ventricular zone. Phosphorylates several other substrates including heat shock factor protein 4 (HSF4), the deacetylase SIRT1, ELK1, or the E3 ligase ITCH. Phosphorylates the CLOCK-ARNTL/BMAL1 heterodimer and plays a role in the regulation of the circadian clock (PubMed:22441692). Phosphorylates the heat shock transcription factor HSF1, suppressing HSF1-induced transcriptional activity (PubMed:10747973). Phosphorylates POU5F1, which results in the inhibition of POU5F1's transcriptional activity and enhances its proteosomal degradation.

Synonyms:

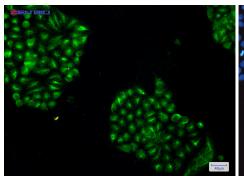
JNK; JNK-46; JNK1; JNK1A2; JNK21B1/2; OTTHUMP00000019552; PRKM8; SAPK1

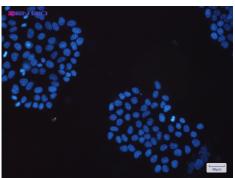
Product images:



Western blot detection of JNK1/2/3 in C6,3T3 cell lysates using JNK1/2/3 Rabbit mAb(1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size: 48,53kDa. Observed band size: 46,54kDa.







Immunocytochemistry of JNK1/2/3 (green) in Hela cells using JNK1/2/3 Rabbit mAb at dilution 1/100, and DAPI(blue)