

# **Product datasheet for TA383779S**

#### 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

# **ATM Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: R06-3A9]**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: R06-3A9
Applications: IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1/1000

IP: 1/20

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Immunogen:** Recombinant protein of mouse ATM

Formulation: 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA

**Concentration:** lot specific

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year

Predicted Protein Size: Calculated MW: 351 kDa; Observed MW: 351 kDa

Gene Name: ATM serine/threonine kinase

Database Link: Entrez Gene 472 Human

Q13315



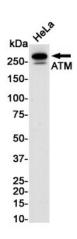
#### Background:

Swiss-Prot Acc.Q62388.Serine/threonine protein kinase which activates checkpoint signaling upon double strand breaks (DSBs), apoptosis and genotoxic stresses such as ionizing ultraviolet A light (UVA), thereby acting as a DNA damage sensor. Recognizes the substrate consensus sequence [ST]-Q. Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone variant H2AX/H2AFX at double strand breaks (DSBs), thereby regulating DNA damage response mechanism. Also plays a role in pre-B cell allelic exclusion, a process leading to expression of a single immunoglobulin heavy chain allele to enforce clonality and monospecific recognition by the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) expressed on individual B-lymphocytes. After the introduction of DNA breaks by the RAG complex on one immunoglobulin allele, acts by mediating a repositioning of the second allele to pericentromeric heterochromatin, preventing accessibility to the RAG complex and recombination of the second allele. Also involved in signal transduction and cell cycle control. May function as a tumor suppressor. Necessary for activation of ABL1 and SAPK. Phosphorylates DYRK2, CHEK2, p53/TP53, FANCD2, NFKBIA, BRCA1, CTIP, nibrin (NBN), TERF1, RAD9 and DCLRE1C. May play a role in vesicle and/or protein transport. Could play a role in T-cell development, gonad and neurological function. Binds DNA ends. Plays a role in replication-dependent histone mRNA degradation. Phosphorylation of DYRK2 in nucleus in response to genotoxic stress prevents its MDM2mediated ubiquitination and subsequent proteasome degradation. Phosphorylates ATF2 which stimulates its function in DNA damage response.

Synonyms:

AT1; ATA; ATC; ATD; ATDC; ATE; DKFZp781A0353; MGC74674; TEL1; TEL01

### **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of ATM in Hela lysates using ATM antibody.