

Product datasheet for TA378478

METT10D (METTL16) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:Primary AntibodiesApplications:ICC/IF, IHC, IP, WBRecommended Dilution:WB,1:500 - 1:2000

IHC,1:50 - 1:200 IF,1:50 - 1:200 IP,1:50 - 1:200

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Modifications: Unmodified

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 263-562 of

human METTL16 (NP_076991.3).

Formulation: PBS with 0.05% proclin300,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Predicted Protein Size: 25kDa/63kDa

Gene Name: methyltransferase like 16

Database Link: Entrez Gene 79066 Human

Q86W50



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

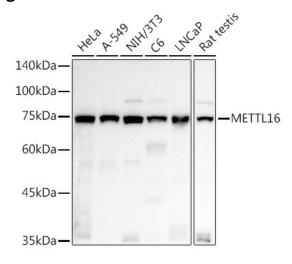


Background:

RNA N6-methyltransferase that methylates adenosine residues at the N(6 position of a subset of RNAs and is involved in S-adenosyl-L-methionine homeostasis by regulating expression of MAT2A transcripts. Able to N6-methylate a subset of mRNAs and U6 small nuclear RNAs (U6 snRNAs. In contrast to the METTL3-METTL14 heterodimer, only able to methylate a limited number of RNAs: requires both a 5'UACAGAGAA-3' nonamer sequence and a specific RNA structure. Plays a key role in S-adenosyl-L-methionine homeostasis by mediating N6methylation of MAT2A mRNAs, altering splicing of MAT2A transcripts: in presence of Sadenosyl-L-methionine, binds the 3'-UTR region of MAT2A mRNA and specifically N6methylates the first hairpin of MAT2A mRNA, preventing recognition of their 3'-splice site by U2AF1/U2AF35, thereby inhibiting splicing and protein production of S-adenosylmethionine synthase. In S-adenosyl-L-methionine-limiting conditions, binds the 3'-UTR region of MAT2A mRNA but stalls due to the lack of a methyl donor, preventing N6-methylation and promoting expression of MAT2A. In addition to mRNAs, also able to mediate N6-methylation of U6 small nuclear RNA (U6 snRNA: specifically N6-methylates adenine in position 43 of U6 snRNAs. Also able to bind various IncRNAs, such as 7SK snRNA (7SK RNA or 7SL RNA. Specifically binds the 3'-end of the MALAT1 long non-coding RNA.

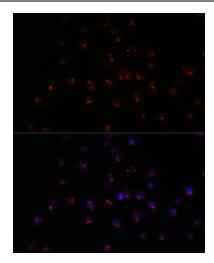
Synonyms: METT10D

Product images:

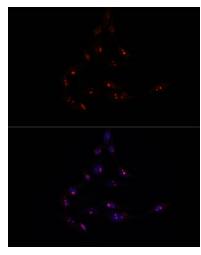


Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using METTL16 antibody (TA378478) at 1:1000 dilution.|Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution.|Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane.|Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.|Detection: ECL Basic Kit.|Exposure time: 3s.

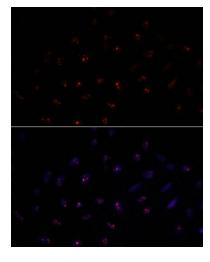




Immunofluorescence analysis of C6 cells using METTL16 antibody (TA378478) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

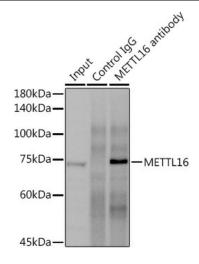


Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using METTL16 antibody (TA378478) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of U-2 OS cells using METTL16 antibody (TA378478) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.





Immunoprecipitation analysis of 300ug extracts of LNCaP cells using 3ug METTL16 antibody (TA378478). Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using METTL16 (TA378478) at a dilition of 1:1000.