

## Product datasheet for **TA378355**

### **MAT1A Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

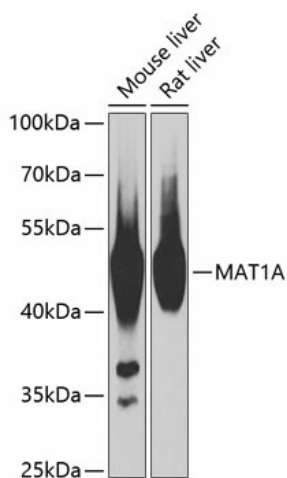
#### **Product data:**

<b>Product Type:</b>	Primary Antibodies
<b>Applications:</b>	WB
<b>Recommended Dilution:</b>	WB,1:500 - 1:2000
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Modifications:</b>	Unmodified
<b>Host:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-395 of human MAT1A (NP_000420.1).
<b>Formulation:</b>	Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
<b>Concentration:</b>	lot specific
<b>Purification:</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Conjugation:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Stability:</b>	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
<b>Predicted Protein Size:</b>	43kDa
<b>Gene Name:</b>	methionine adenosyltransferase 1A
<b>Database Link:</b>	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 4143 Human Q00266</a>
<b>Background:</b>	This gene catalyzes a two-step reaction that involves the transfer of the adenosyl moiety of ATP to methionine to form S-adenosylmethionine and triphosphosphate, which is subsequently cleaved to PPi and Pi. S-adenosylmethionine is the source of methyl groups for most biological methylations. The encoded protein is found as a homotetramer (MAT I) or a homodimer (MAT III) whereas a third form, MAT II (gamma), is encoded by the MAT2A gene. Mutations in this gene are associated with methionine adenosyltransferase deficiency.
<b>Synonyms:</b>	AMS1; MAT; MAT-I/III; MATA1; SAMS; SAMS1



[View online »](#)

## Product images:



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using MAT1A antibody (TA378355) at 1:1000 dilution. | Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution. | Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. | Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. | Detection: ECL Basic Kit . | Exposure time: 3s.