

## **Product datasheet for TA376837**

## **GSTM3 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** ICC/IF, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB,1:500 - 1:2000

IF,1:50 - 1:200

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Modifications: Unmodified

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 101-225 of

human GSTM3 (NP\_000840.2).

**Formulation:** Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Affinity purification

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Predicted Protein Size:** 26kDa

**Gene Name:** glutathione S-transferase mu 3 (brain)

Database Link: Entrez Gene 2947 Human

P21266



**OriGene Technologies, Inc.** 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



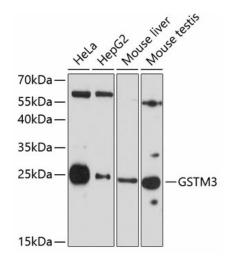
## Background:

Cytosolic and membrane-bound forms of glutathione S-transferase are encoded by two distinct supergene families. At present, eight distinct classes of the soluble cytoplasmic mammalian glutathione S-transferases have been identified: alpha, kappa, mu, omega, pi, sigma, theta and zeta. This gene encodes a glutathione S-transferase that belongs to the mu class. The mu class of enzymes functions in the detoxification of electrophilic compounds, including carcinogens, therapeutic drugs, environmental toxins and products of oxidative stress, by conjugation with glutathione. The genes encoding the mu class of enzymes are organized in a gene cluster on chromosome 1p13.3 and are known to be highly polymorphic. These genetic variations can change an individual's susceptibility to carcinogens and toxins as well as affect the toxicity and efficacy of certain drugs. Mutations of this class mu gene have been linked with a slight increase in a number of cancers, likely due to exposure with environmental toxins. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Synonyms:

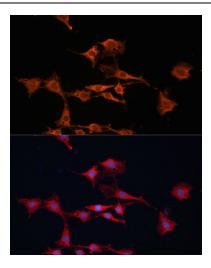
GST5; GSTB; GSTM3-3; GTM3; hGSTM3-3; MGC3310; MGC3704; OTTHUMP00000013355

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using GSTM3 antibody (TA376837) at 1:3000 dilution. | Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution. | Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. | Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. | Detection: ECL Basic Kit. | Exposure time: 90s.





Immunofluorescence analysis of C6 cells using GSTM3 antibody (TA376837) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.