

## Product datasheet for **TA375689**

### EAf2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Product Type:           | Primary Antibodies   |
| Applications:           | ICC/IF, WB   |
| Recommended Dilution:   | WB,1:500 - 1:2000<br>IF,1:50 - 1:100   |
| Reactivity:             | Human, Mouse, Rat  |
| Modifications:          | Unmodified   |
| Host:                   | Rabbit   |
| Isotype:                | IgG  |
| Clonality:              | Polyclonal   |
| Immunogen:              | Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-170 of human EAf2 (NP_060926.2). |
| Formulation:            | Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.  |
| Concentration:          | lot specific   |
| Purification:           | Affinity purification  |
| Conjugation:            | Unconjugated   |
| Storage:                | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.  |
| Stability:              | Shelf life: one year from despatch.  |
| Predicted Protein Size: | 14kDa/28kDa  |
| Gene Name:              | ELL associated factor 2  |
| Database Link:          | <a href="#">Entrez Gene 55840 Human Q96CJ1</a>   |



[View online »](#)

**Background:**

Actin is a key regulator of RNA polymerase (Pol) II-dependent transcription. Positive transcription elongation factor b (P-TEFb), a Cdk9/cyclin T1 heterodimer, has been reported to play a critical role in transcription elongation. However, the relationship between actin and P-TEFb is still not clear. In this study, actin was found to interact with Cdk9, a catalytic subunit of P-TEFb, in elongation complexes. Using immunofluorescence and immunoprecipitation assays, Cdk9 was found to bind to G-actin through the conserved Thr-186 in the T-loop. Overexpression and in vitro kinase assays showed that G-actin promotes P-TEFb-dependent phosphorylation of the Pol II C-terminal domain. An in vitro transcription experiment revealed that the interaction between G-actin and Cdk9 stimulated Pol II transcription elongation. ChIP and immobilized template assays indicated that actin recruited Cdk9 to a transcriptional template in vivo and in vitro. Using cytokine IL-6-inducible p21 gene expression system, we revealed that actin recruited Cdk9 to endogenous gene. Moreover, overexpression of actin and Cdk9 increased histone H3 acetylation and acetylated histone H3 binding to a transcriptional template through the interaction with histone acetyltransferase, p300. Taken together, our results suggested that actin participates in transcription elongation by recruiting Cdk9 for phosphorylation of the Pol II C-terminal domain, and the actin-Cdk9 interaction promotes chromatin remodeling.

**Synonyms:**

BM040; TRAITS; U19