

# **Product datasheet for TA375124**

## Beta crystallin S (CRYGS) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

### **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB,1:500 - 1:2000
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Modifications:	Unmodified
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	lgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-178 of human CRYGS (NP_060011.1).
Formulation:	Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Predicted Protein Size:	21kDa
Gene Name:	crystallin gamma S
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 1427 Human</u> <u>P22914</u>



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#### Seta crystallin S (CRYGS) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA375124

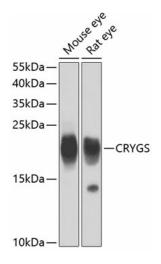
#### Background:

Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lens central fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, these crystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making them extremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families; beta and gamma crystallins are also considered as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families are further divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Gamma-crystallins are a homogeneous group of highly symmetrical, monomeric proteins typically lacking connecting peptides and terminal extensions. They are differentially regulated after early development. This gene encodes a protein initially considered to be a beta-crystallins. This gene encodes the most significant gamma-crystallin in adult eye lens tissue. Whether due to aging or mutations in specific genes, gamma-crystallins have been involved in cataract formation.

CRYG8; Gamma-S-crystallin; GRYG8; OTTHUMP00000210173

#### **Product images:**

Synonyms:



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using CRYGS antibody (TA375124) at 1:4000 dilution. | Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution. | Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. | Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. | Detection: ECL Basic Kit . | Exposure time: 1s.

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