

Product datasheet for **TA373855**

ATR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB, 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC, 1:50 - 1:200
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Modifications:	Phospho T1989
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A phospho synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding T1989 of Human ATR.
Formulation:	Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH 7.3.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Predicted Protein Size:	294kDa/297kDa/301kDa
Gene Name:	ATR serine/threonine kinase
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 545 Human Q13535



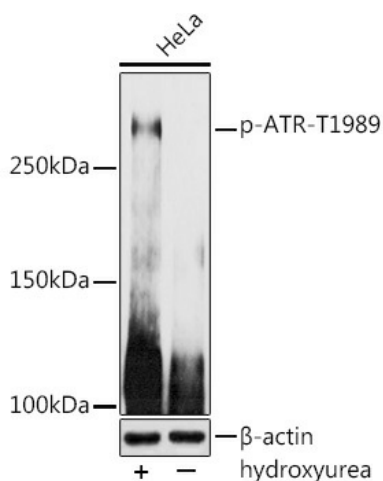
[View online »](#)

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs the PI3/PI4-kinase family, and is most closely related to ATM, a protein kinase encoded by the gene mutated in ataxia telangiectasia. This protein and ATM share similarity with *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* rad3, a cell cycle checkpoint gene required for cell cycle arrest and DNA damage repair in response to DNA damage. This kinase has been shown to phosphorylate checkpoint kinase CHK1, checkpoint proteins RAD17, and RAD9, as well as tumor suppressor protein BRCA1. Mutations of this gene are associated with Seckel syndrome. An alternatively spliced transcript variant of this gene has been reported, however, its full length nature is not known. Transcript variants utilizing alternative polyA sites exist.

Synonyms:

FRP1; MEC1; SCKL; SCKL1

Product images:


Western blot analysis of extracts of HeLa cells, using Phospho-ATR-T1989 antibody (TA373855) at 1:1000 dilution. HeLa cells were treated by Hydroxyurea (4 mM) at 37°C for 20 hours. | Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution. | Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. | Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. | Detection: ECL Basic Kit. | Exposure time: 180s.