

## Product datasheet for **TA371140**

### **NMDAR2A (GRIN2A) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 25-100 Positive control: Human esophagus cancer Predicted cell location: Cell membrane
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human GRIN2A
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 40% Glycerol
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	glutamate ionotropic receptor NMDA type subunit 2A
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 2903 Human Q12879</a>

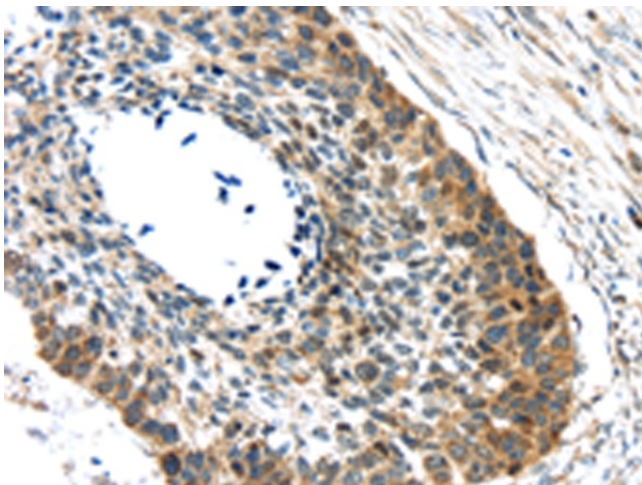
**Background:** This gene encodes a member of the glutamate-gated ion channel protein family. The encoded protein is an N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptor subunit. NMDA receptors are both ligand-gated and voltage-dependent, and are involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. These receptors are permeable to calcium ions, and activation results in a calcium influx into post-synaptic cells, which results in the activation of several signaling cascades. Disruption of this gene is associated with focal epilepsy and speech disorder with or without mental retardation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.



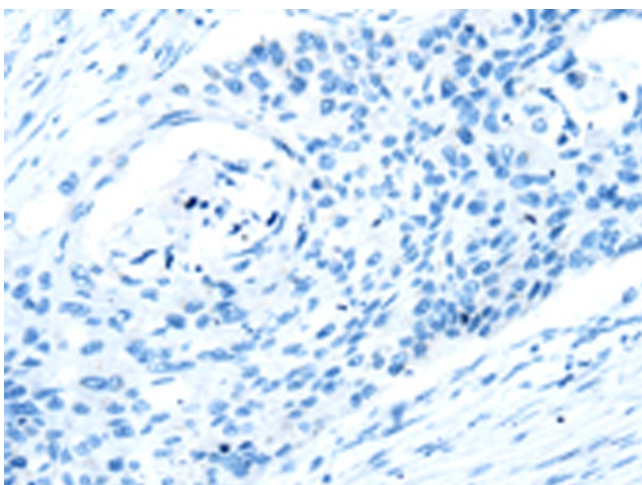
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Synonyms: hNR2A; NMDAR2A; NR2A; OTTHUMP00000160135; OTTHUMP00000174531

### Product images:



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using TA371140 (GRIN2A Antibody) at dilution 1/30 (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using TA371140 (GRIN2A Antibody) at dilution 1/30, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )