

Product datasheet for **TA370418S**

ATP6V0A1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 150-300 Positive control: Human liver cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm
Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ATP6V0A1
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	ATPase H ⁺ transporting V0 subunit a1
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 535 Human Q93050



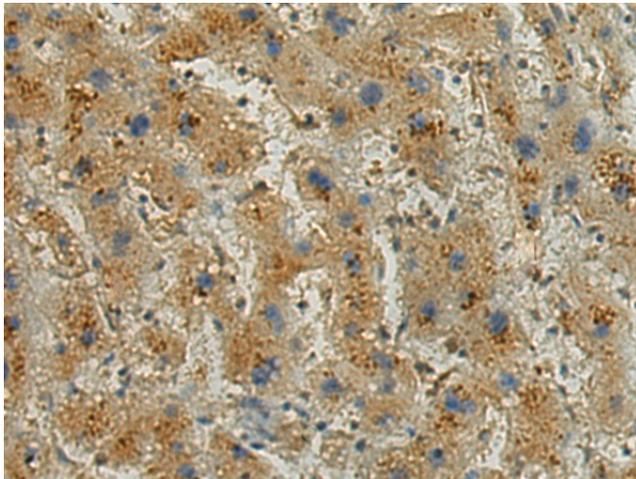
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Background:

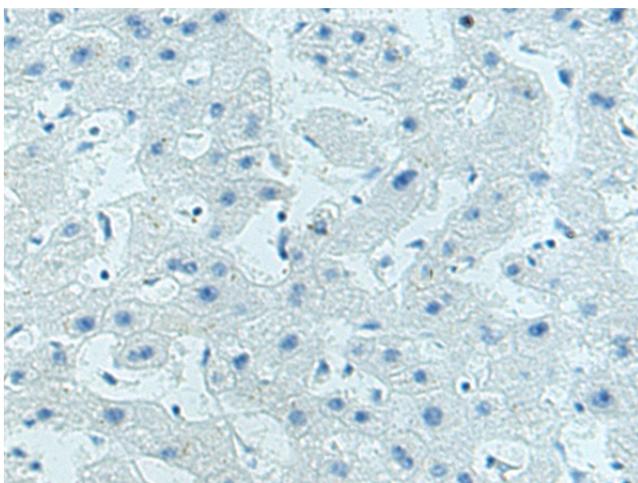
This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'' and d. additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes one of three A subunit proteins and the encoded protein is associated with clathrin-coated vesicles. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Synonyms:

a1; ATP6N1; ATP6N1A; DKFZp781J1951; Stv1; Vph1; VPP1

Product images:

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA370418] (ATP6V0A1 Antibody) at dilution 1/150 (Original magnification: $\times 200$)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA370418] (ATP6V0A1 Antibody) at dilution 1/150, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)