

Product datasheet for TA369036S

CENPM Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC

Recommended Dilution: IHC: 10-50

Positive control: Human esophagus cancer

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Full length fusion protein

Formulation: pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated Storage: Store at -20°C.

Stability: 1 year

Gene Name: centromere protein M

Database Link: Entrez Gene 79019 Human

Q9NSP4

Background: The centromere is a specialized chromatin domain, present throughout the cell cycle, that

acts as a platform on which the transient assembly of the kinetochore occurs during mitosis. All active centromeres are characterized by the presence of long arrays of nucleosomes in which CENPA (MIM 117139) replaces histone H3 (see MIM 601128). CENPM is an additional

factor required for centromere assembly (Foltz et al., 2006 [PubMed 16622419]).

Synonyms: bK250D10.2; C22orf18; CENP-M; ICEN39; MGC861; Pane1



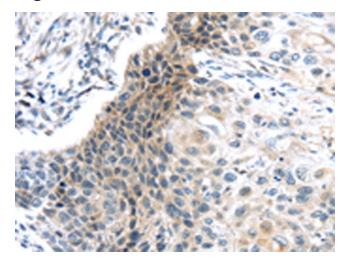
OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

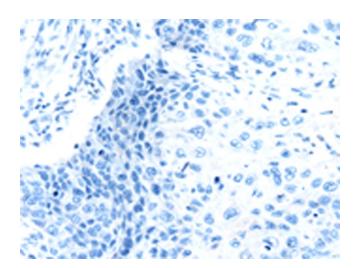
Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Product images:

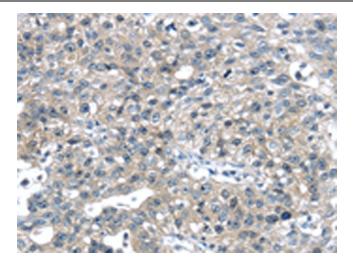


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using [TA369036] (CENPM Antibody) at dilution 1/20 (Original magnification: ×200)

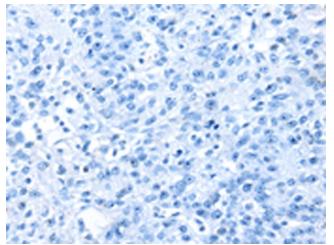


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using [TA369036] (CENPM Antibody) at dilution 1/20, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using [TA369036] (CENPM Antibody) at dilution 1/20 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using [TA369036] (CENPM Antibody) at dilution 1/20, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)