

Product datasheet for **TA369023**

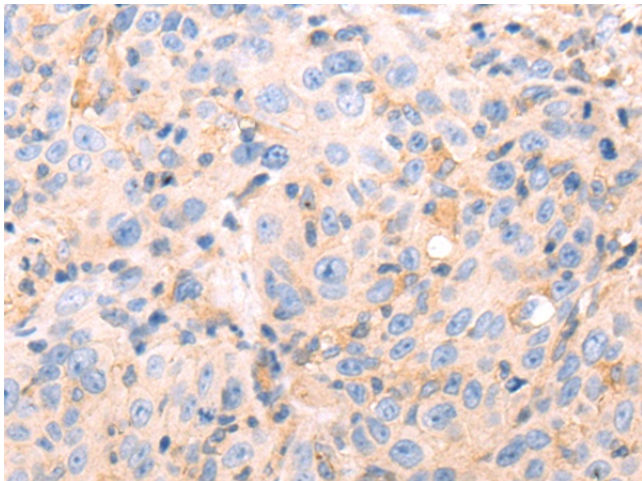
CD161 (KLRB1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

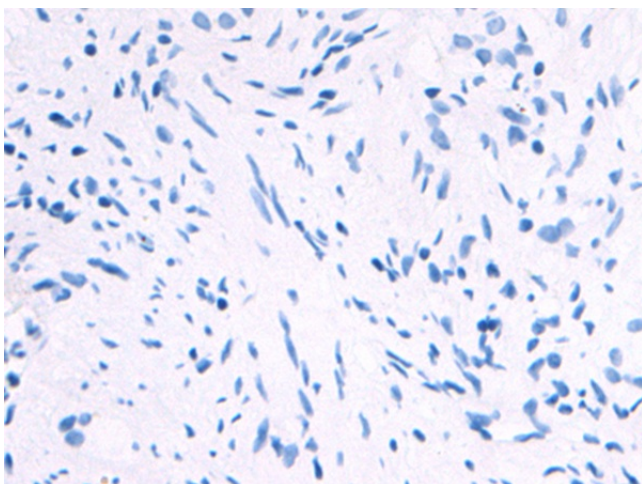
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 50-200 Positive control: Human prostate cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human KLRB1
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	killer cell lectin like receptor B1
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 3820 Human Q12918
Background:	Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that mediate cytotoxicity and secrete cytokines after immune stimulation. Several genes of the C-type lectin superfamily, including the rodent NKRP1 family of glycoproteins, are expressed by NK cells and may be involved in the regulation of NK cell function. The KLRB1 protein contains an extracellular domain with several motifs characteristic of C-type lectins, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain. The KLRB1 protein is classified as a type II membrane protein because it has an external C terminus.
Synonyms:	CD161; CLEC5B; hNKR-P1A; MGC138614; NKR; NKR-P1; NKR-P1A; NKRP1A



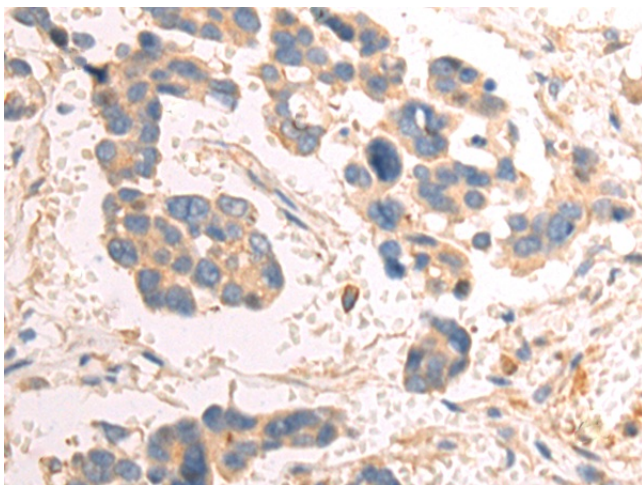
[View online »](#)

Product images:

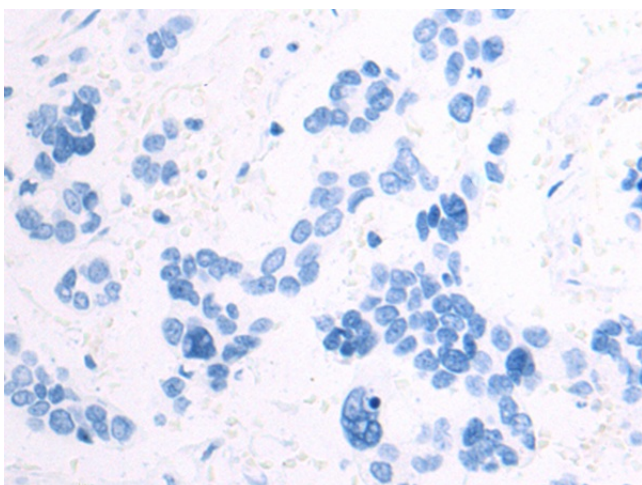
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human prostate cancer tissue using TA369023 (KLRB1 Antibody) at dilution 1/60 (Original magnification: x200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human prostate cancer tissue using TA369023 (KLRB1 Antibody) at dilution 1/60, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using TA369023 (KLRB1 Antibody) at dilution 1/60 (Original magnification: $\times 200$)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using TA369023 (KLRB1 Antibody) at dilution 1/60, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: $\times 200$)