

Product datasheet for **TA368168**

ALX4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 20-100 Positive control: Human liver cancer Predicted cell location: Nucleus
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human ALX4
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	ALX homeobox 4
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 60529 Human Q9H161



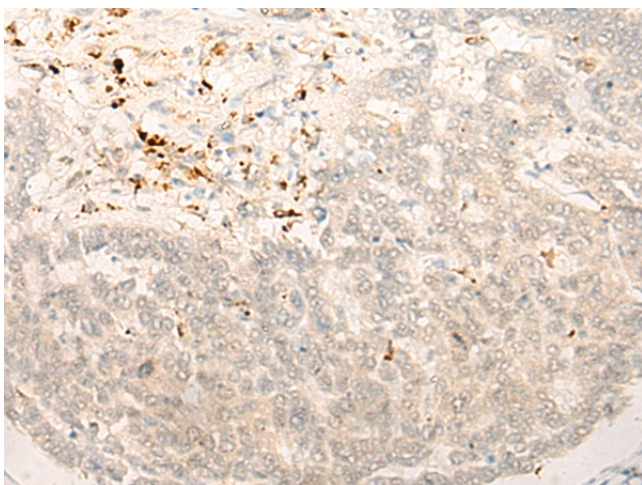
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Background:

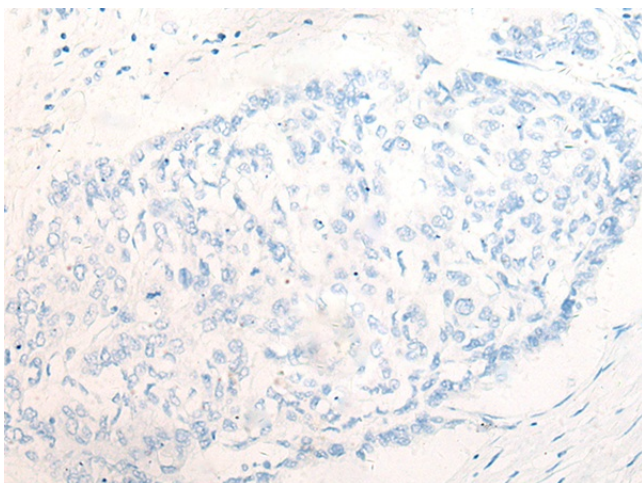
This gene encodes a paired-like homeodomain transcription factor expressed in the mesenchyme of developing bones, limbs, hair, teeth, and mammary tissue. Mutations in this gene cause parietal foramina 2 (PFM2); an autosomal dominant disease characterized by deficient ossification of the parietal bones. Mutations in this gene also cause a form of frontonasal dysplasia with alopecia and hypogonadism; suggesting a role for this gene in craniofacial development, mesenchymal-epithelial communication, and hair follicle development. Deletion of a segment of chromosome 11 containing this gene, del(11)(p11p12), causes Potocki-Shaffer syndrome (PSS); a syndrome characterized by craniofacial anomalies, mental retardation, multiple exostoses, and genital abnormalities in males. In mouse, this gene has been shown to use dual translation initiation sites located 16 codons apart.

Synonyms:

FPP; KIAA1788; PFM; PFM2

Product images:

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using TA368168 (ALX4 Antibody) at dilution 1/20 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using TA368168 (ALX4 Antibody) at dilution 1/20, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: ×200)