

Product datasheet for TA367935S

PRKACA Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 200-1000 WB positive control: Human testis tissue lysate IHC: 25-100 Positive control: Human liver cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human PRKACA
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Predicted Protein Size:	41 kDa
Gene Name:	protein kinase cAMP-activated catalytic subunit alpha
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 5566 Human</u> <u>P17612</u>

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

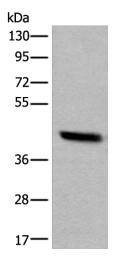
PRKACA Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA367935S

Background: This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which exists as a tetrameric holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. cAMP-dependent phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is important to many cellular processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic duplications of regions that include this gene, have been associated with hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are linked to corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Tissue-specific isoforms that differ at the N-terminus have been described, and these isoforms.

Synonyms:

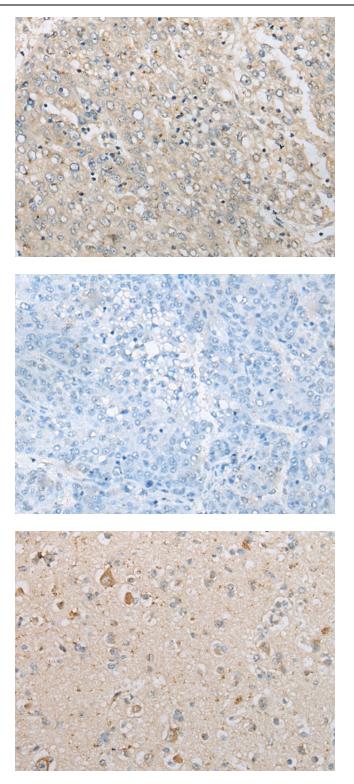
MGC48865; MGC102831; PKACA

Product images:



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE Lysate: 40 µg Lane: Human testis tissue lysate Primary antibody: [TA367935] (PRKACA Antibody) at dilution 1/250 Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution Exposure time: 3 seconds

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

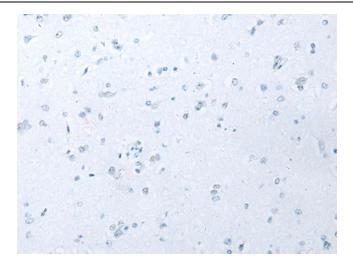


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA367935] (PRKACA Antibody) at dilution 1/30 (Original magnification: ×200)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA367935] (PRKACA Antibody) at dilution 1/30, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: ×200)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using [TA367935] (PRKACA Antibody) at dilution 1/30 (Original magnification: ×200)

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using [TA367935] (PRKACA Antibody) at dilution 1/30, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: ×200)

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US