

## Product datasheet for **TA366517**

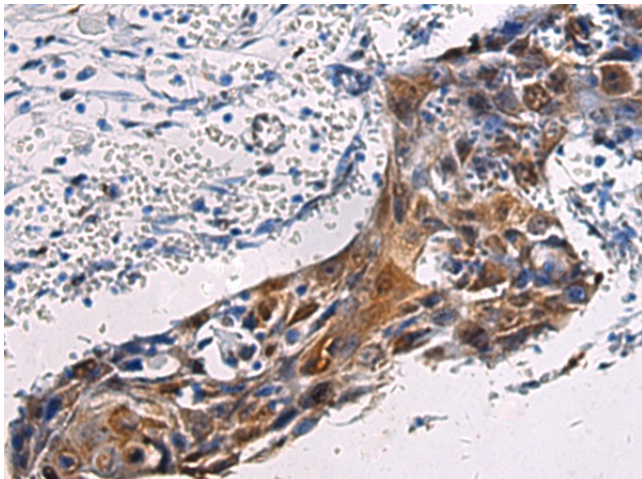
### Sorbitol Dehydrogenase (SORD) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

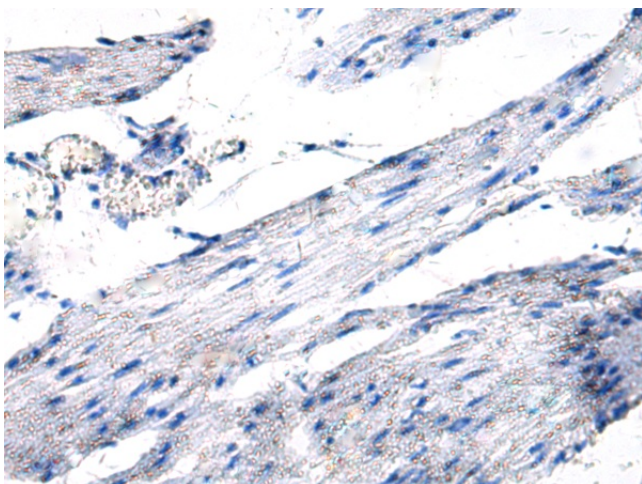
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 50-100 Positive control: Human esophagus cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm and Nucleus
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human SORD
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 40% Glycerol
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	sorbitol dehydrogenase
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 6652 Human Q00796</a>
Background:	Sorbitol dehydrogenase (SORD; EC 1.1.1.14) catalyzes the interconversion of polyols and their corresponding ketoses, and together with aldose reductase (ALDR1; MIM 103880), makes up the sorbitol pathway that is believed to play an important role in the development of diabetic complications (summarized by Carr and Markham, 1995 [PubMed 8535074]). The first reaction of the pathway (also called the polyol pathway) is the reduction of glucose to sorbitol by ALDR1 with NADPH as the cofactor. SORD then oxidizes the sorbitol to fructose using NAD(+) cofactor.
Synonyms:	SORD1



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**Product images:**

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using TA366517 (SORD Antibody) at dilution 1/45 (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using TA366517 (SORD Antibody) at dilution 1/45, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )