

## **Product datasheet for TA365731S**

## **DDI2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC

Recommended Dilution: IHC: 50-300

Positive control: Human liver cancer

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm and Nucleus

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** Fusion protein of human DDI2

**Formulation:** pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

**Purification:** Antigen affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated Storage: Store at -20°C.

Stability: 1 year

**Gene Name:** DNA damage inducible 1 homolog 2

**Database Link:** Entrez Gene 84301 Human

Q5TDH0

**Background:** DDI1 and DDI2 are ubiquitin receptor homologs of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae ddi1

protein, which is involved in regulation of the cell cycle and the late secretory pathway. DDI2 is a 399 amino acid protein that contains one ubiquitin-like domain and exists as three isoforms as a result of alternative splicing. The gene encoding DDI2 maps to human chromosome 1, the largest human chromosome which spans about 260 million base pairs and makes up 8% of the human genome. Other notable genes located on chromosome 1 include LMNA, which is associated with the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria,

and the MUTYH gene, which is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis.

Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome.

**Synonyms:** MGC14844; RP4-680D5.5



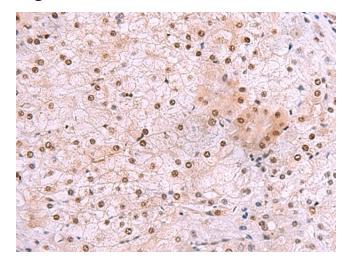
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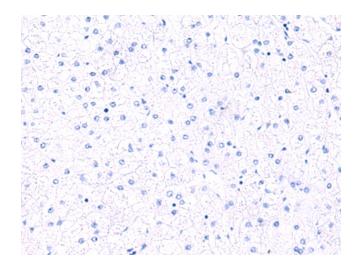
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## **Product images:**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA365731] (DDI2 Antibody) at dilution 1/50 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA365731] (DDI2 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)