

Product datasheet for TA365619S

CDT2 (DTL) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies Applications: IHC Recommended Dilution: IHC: 20-100 Positive control: Human thyroid cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm **Reactivity:** Human, Mouse Host: Rabbit Isotype: lgG **Clonality:** Polyclonal Immunogen: Fusion protein of human DTL Formulation: pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol **Purification:** Antigen affinity purification **Conjugation:** Unconjugated Store at -20°C. Storage: Stability: 1 year Gene Name: denticleless E3 ubiquitin protein ligase homolog Database Link: Entrez Gene 51514 Human <u>Q9NZ|0</u>

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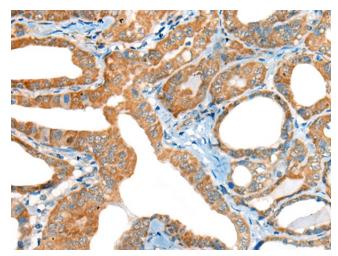
CDT2 (DTL) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA365619S

Background: Substrate-specific adapter of a DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex required for cell cycle control, DNA damage response and translesion DNA synthesis. The DCX(DTL) complex, also named CRL4(CDT2) complex, mediates the polyubiquitination and subsequent degradation of CDT1, CDKN1A/p21(CIP1), FBXO18/FBH1 and KMT5A (PubMed:16861906, PubMed:16949367, PubMed:16964240, PubMed:17085480, PubMed:18703516, PubMed:18794347, PubMed:18794348, PubMed:19332548, PubMed:20129063, PubMed:23478441, PubMed:23478445, PubMed:23677613). CDT1 degradation in response to DNA damage is necessary to ensure proper cell cycle regulation of DNA replication (PubMed:16861906, PubMed:16949367, PubMed:17085480). CDKN1A/p21(CIP1) degradation during S phase or following UV irradiation is essential to control replication licensing (PubMed:18794348, PubMed:19332548). KMT5A degradation is also important for a proper regulation of mechanisms such as TGF-beta signaling, cell cycle progression, DNA repair and cell migration (PubMed:23478445). Most substrates require their interaction with PCNA for their polyubiquitination: substrates interact with PCNA via their PIP-box, and those containing the 'K+4' motif in the PIP box, recruit the DCX(DTL) complex, leading to their degradation. In undamaged proliferating cells, the DCX(DTL) complex also promotes the 'Lys-164' monoubiquitination of PCNA, thereby being involved in PCNA-dependent translesion DNA synthesis (PubMed:20129063, PubMed:23478441, PubMed:23478445, PubMed:23677613).

Synonyms:

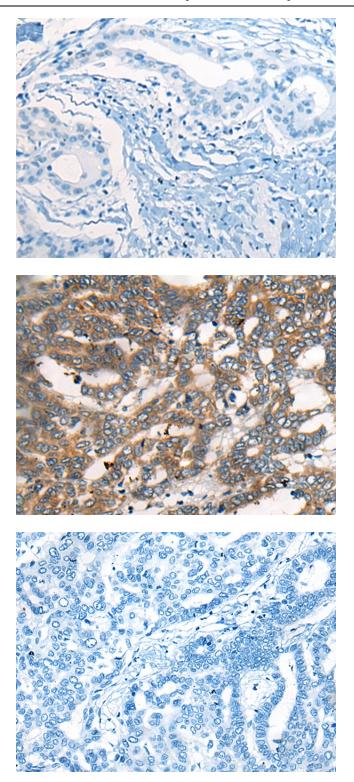
CDT2; CDW1; DCAF2; L2DTL; RAMP

Product images:



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using [TA365619] (DTL Antibody) at dilution 1/30 (Original magnification: ×200)

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Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using [TA365619] (DTL Antibody) at dilution 1/30, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA365619] (DTL Antibody) at dilution 1/30 (Original magnification: ×200)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using [TA365619] (DTL Antibody) at dilution 1/30, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)

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