

Product datasheet for **TA365250S**

Kazrin (KAZN) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	IHC: 25-100 Positive control: Human tonsil Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm or Nucleus
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human KAZN
Formulation:	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C.
Stability:	1 year
Gene Name:	kazrin, periplakin interacting protein
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 23254 Human Q674X7

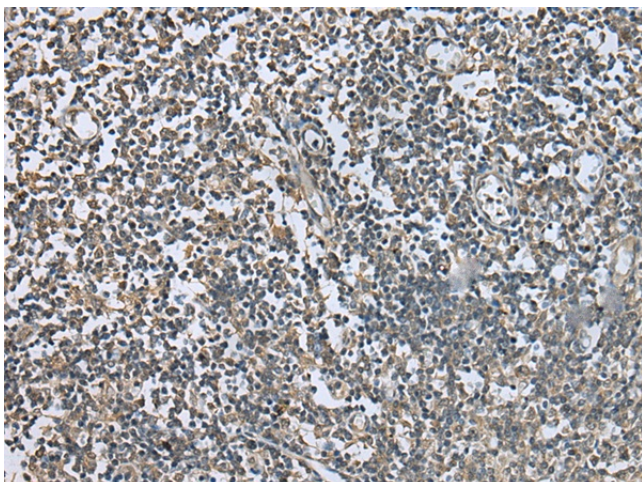
Background: This gene encodes a protein that plays a role in desmosome assembly, cell adhesion, cytoskeletal organization, and epidermal differentiation. This protein co-localizes with desmoplakin and the cytolinker protein periplakin. In general, this protein localizes to the nucleus, desmosomes, cell membrane, and cortical actin-based structures. Some isoforms of this protein also associate with microtubules. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional splice variants have been described but their biological validity has not been verified.

Synonyms: 2310007B04Rik; 9030409G11Rik; AI256607; AI666764; AW061099; Kaz; Kazrin; RP24-548L8.1

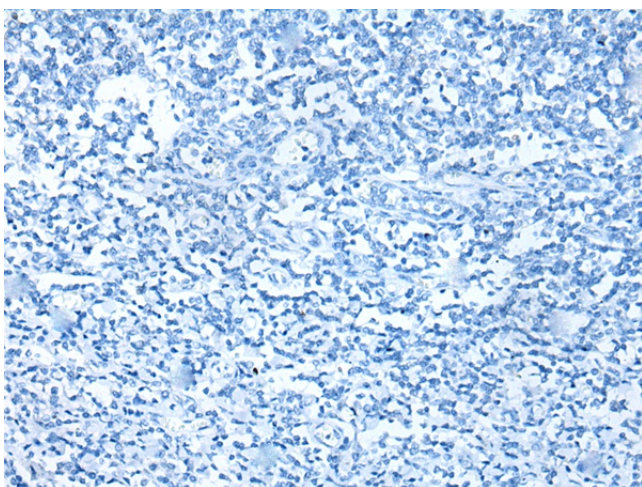


[View online »](#)

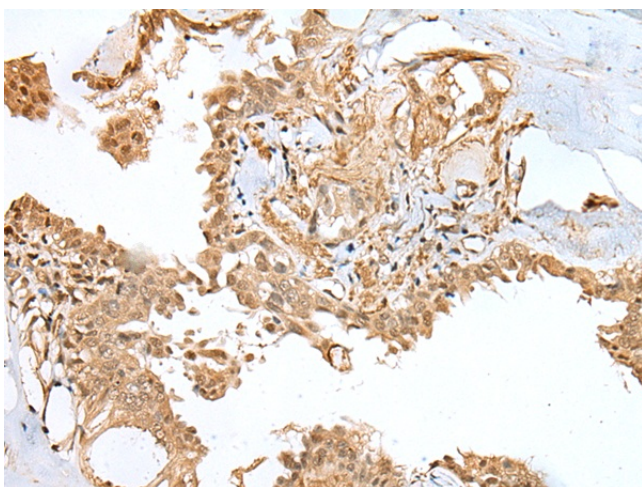
Product images:



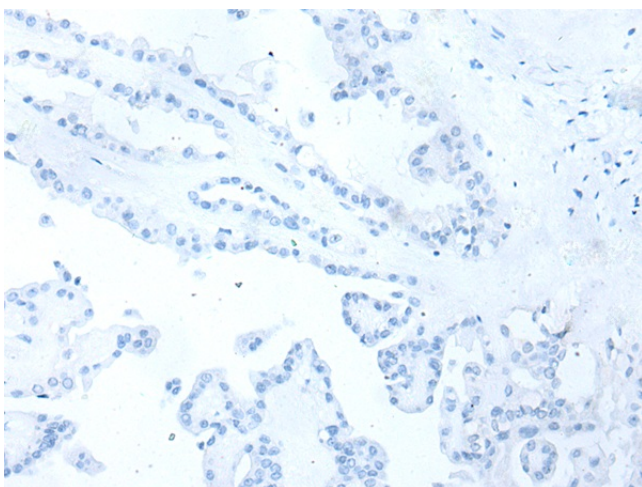
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using [TA365250] (KAZN Antibody) at dilution 1/35 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using [TA365250] (KAZN Antibody) at dilution 1/35, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using [TA365250] (KAZN Antibody) at dilution 1/35 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using [TA365250] (KAZN Antibody) at dilution 1/35, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)