

Product datasheet for TA364976S

RIP2 (RIPK2) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC

Recommended Dilution: IHC: 150-300

Positive control: Human esophagus cancer

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human RIPK2

Formulation: pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated Storage: Store at -20°C.

Stability: 1 year

Gene Name: receptor interacting serine/threonine kinase 2

Database Link: Entrez Gene 8767 Human

<u>O43353</u>

Background: This gene encodes a member of the receptor-interacting protein (RIP) family of

serine/threonine protein kinases. The encoded protein contains a C-terminal caspase activation and recruitment domain (CARD), and is a component of signaling complexes in both the innate and adaptive immune pathways. It is a potent activator of NF-kappaB and

inducer of apoptosis in response to various stimuli.

Synonyms: CARD3; CARDIAK; CCK; GIG30; RICK; RIP-2; RIP2



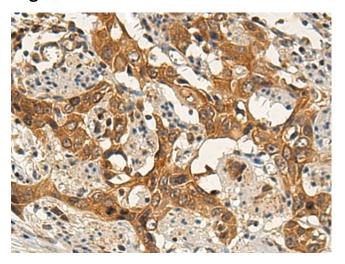
OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

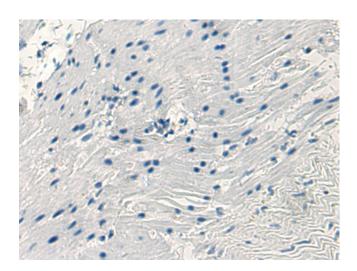
Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Product images:

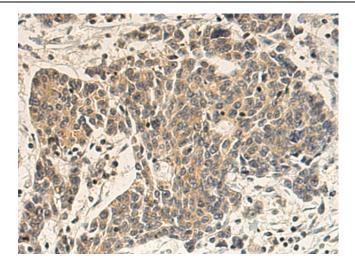


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using [TA364976] (RIPK2 Antibody) at dilution 1/150 (Original magnification: ×200)

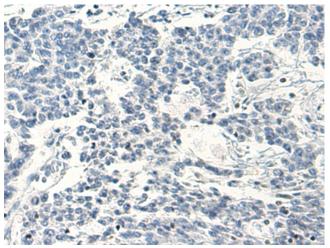


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using [TA364976] (RIPK2 Antibody) at dilution 1/150, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using [TA364976] (RIPK2 Antibody) at dilution 1/150 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using [TA364976] (RIPK2 Antibody) at dilution 1/150, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)