

Product datasheet for TA354175

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD40L (CD40LG) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Recommended Dilution: WB 0.1-1 μg/ml ELISA 0.01-0.1 μg/ml IP 2-5 μg/ml IHC 2-10 μg/ml FC 5-10 μg/ml

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 51-69 of human CD154.

Formulation: This affinity purified antibody is supplied in sterile Phosphate buffered saline (pH7.2)

containing antibody stabilizer.

Purification: The Rabbit IgG is purified by Epitope Affinity Purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 33 kDa

Gene Name: CD40 ligand

Database Link: NP 000065

Entrez Gene 959 Human

P29965

Background: CD154 / CD40 ligand (CD40L) is a 33 kDa type II membrane glycoprotein expressed mainly on

the cell surface of activated T lymphocytes, but also exists as a soluble form extracellularly. CD40L is the ligand for CD40, a member of the TNF superfamily, which is expressed on the cell surface of B cells, macrophages/monocytes, dendritic cells, vascular endothelial cells, and epithelial cells. CD40L plays an important role in B cell proliferation, antibody class switching, modulation of apoptosis in the germinal center through interaction with B cells expressing CD40, and activation of CD4+ T cells. Mutation within the CD40L gene is linked to hyper IgM syndrome, an X linked immunodeficiency disease that is characterized by elevated level of

serum IgM and decreased level of other isotypes.

Synonyms: CD40L; CD154; gp39; hCD40L; HIGM1; IGM; IMD3; T-BAM; TNFSF5; TRAP





CD40L (CD40LG) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA354175

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Asthma, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs),

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Primary immunodeficiency, Systemic lupus

erythematosus, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Viral myocarditis