

Product datasheet for TA349877

DCTN5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC

Recommended Dilution: IHC: 25-100

Positive control: Human tonsil Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human DCTN5

Formulation: pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glyceroln

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Gene Name: dynactin subunit 5

Database Link: NP 115875

Entrez Gene 59288 MouseEntrez Gene 84516 Human

Q9BTE1

Background: This gene encodes a subunit of dynactin, a component of the cytoplasmic dynein motor

machinery involved in minus-end-directed transport. The encoded protein is a component of the pointed-end subcomplex and is thought to bind membranous cargo. A pseudogene of this gene is located on the long arm of chromosome 1. Alternatively spliced transcript

variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene.

Synonyms: MGC3248



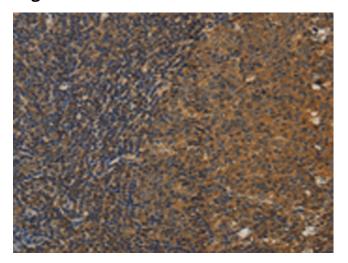
OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

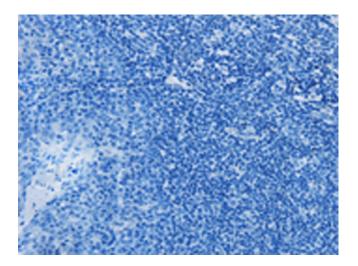
Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Product images:

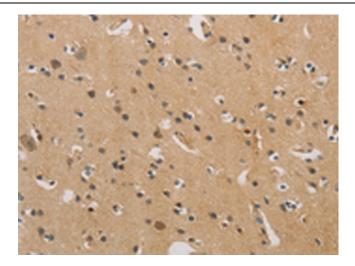


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using TA349877 (DCTN5 Antibody) at dilution 1/25 (Original magnification: ×200)

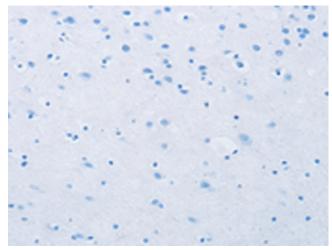


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using TA349877 (DCTN5 Antibody) at dilution 1/25, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using TA349877 (DCTN5 Antibody) at dilution 1/25 (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using TA349877 (DCTN5 Antibody) at dilution 1/25, treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)