

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

# Product datasheet for TA347269

### **POLR2A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**

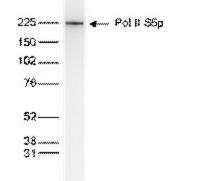
## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ChIP (1-2ug/ChIP); ELISA (1,3000); Western blotting (1:1,000); Immunofluorescence (1:500)
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for anti-Pol II S5p antibody: the YSPTSPS repeat in the B1 subunit of RNA polymerase II, phosphorylated at Ser2 of the repeat sequence
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein A purified monoclonal antibody in PBS containing 0.05% azide.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	polymerase (RNA) II subunit A
Database Link:	<u>NP_000928</u> <u>Entrez Gene 5430 Human</u> <u>P24928</u>
Background:	RNA polymerase II (pol II) is a key enzyme in the regulation and control of gene transcription. It is able to unwind the DNA double helix, synthesize RNA, and proofread the result. Pol II is a complex enzyme, consisting of 12 subunits, of which the B1 subunit (UniProt/Swiss-Prot entry P24928) is the largest. Together with the second largest subunit, B1 forms the catalytic core of the RNA polymerase II transcription machinery.
Synonyms:	hRPB220; hsRPB1; POLR2; POLRA; RPB1; RPBh1; RpIILS; RPO2; RPOL2
Protein Pathways:	Huntington's disease, Metabolic pathways, Purine metabolism, Pyrimidine metabolism, RNA polymerase

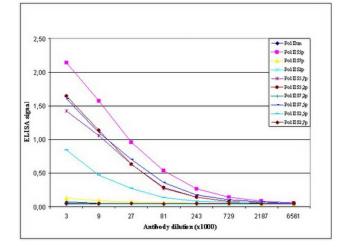


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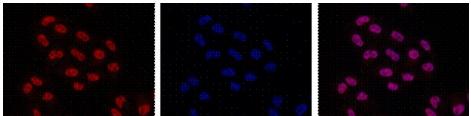
#### **Product images:**



WB using the antibody against Pol II S5p diluted 1:1,000 in TBS-Tween containing 5% skimmed milk. The position of the protein of interest is indicated on the right; the marker (in kDa) is shown on the left.

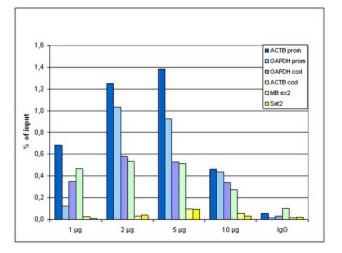


Cross reactivity of the antibody against Pol IIS5p To test the specificity an ELISA was performed using a serial dilution of the antibody against Pol IIS5p. The wells were coated with peptides containing the unmodified C-terminal repeat sequence as well as different phosphorylated peptides. Image shows the specificity of the antibody for the S5 phosphorylation.

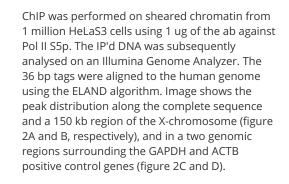


HeLa cells were stained with the antibody against Pol II S5p and with DAPI. Cells were fixed with methanol and blocked with PBS/TX-100 containing 5% normal goat serum and 1% BSA. The cells were immunofluorescently labelled with the Pol II S5p antibody (left) diluted 1:500 in blocking solution followed by an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to Alexa594. The middle panel shows staining of the nuclei with DAPI. A merge of the two stainings is shown on the right.

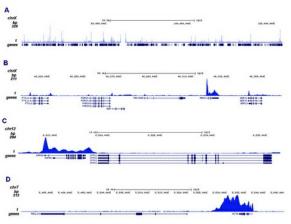
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ChIP assays using HeLa cells: ChIP-seq" kit, using sheared chromatin from 1 million cells. A titration of 1, 2, 5 and 10 ug ab was used. IgG (2ug/IP) was negative control. qPCR primers were specific for the promoter and the coding region of the constitutively expressed GAPDH and ACTB genesas positive controls, and for exon 2 of the inactive myoglobin (MB) gene and the Sat2 satellite repeatas negative controls. Image shows the recovery, expressed as a % of input (the relative amount of IP'd DNA compared to input DNA after qPCR).







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