

Product datasheet for TA346047

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Carbonic Anhydrase IV (CA4) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for anti-CA4 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region

of human CA4. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: DGEHFAMEMHIVHEKEKGTSRNVKEAQDPEDEIAVLAFLVEAGTQVNEGF

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

Purification: Affinity Purified

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 34 kDa

Gene Name: carbonic anhydrase 4

Database Link: NP 000708

Entrez Gene 762 Human

P22748





Background:

Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid-base balance, bone resorption, and the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid. They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. CA IV is a glycosylphosphatidyl-inositolanchored membrane isozyme expressed on the luminal surfaces of pulmonary (and certain other) capillaries and of proximal renal tubules. Its exact function is not known, however, it may have a role in inherited renal abnormalities of bicarbonate transport. Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid-base balance, bone resorption, and the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid. They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. CA IV is a glycosylphosphatidyl-inositolanchored membrane isozyme expressed on the luminal surfaces of pulmonary (and certain other) capillaries and of proximal renal tubules. Its exact function is not known, however, it may have a role in inherited renal abnormalities of bicarbonate transport.

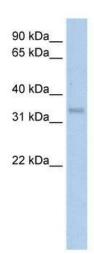
Synonyms: CAIV; Car4; RP17

Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Human: 100%

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Nitrogen metabolism

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-CA4 Antibody Titration: 5.0 ug/ml; Positive Control: Human Lung