

## Product datasheet for **TA346033**

### TPM1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB, IHC
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for anti-TPM1 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal of human TPM1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: DRAEQAEADKKAEDRSKQLEDELVSLQKCLKGTEDELDKYSEALKDAQE
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. <i>Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.</i>
Purification:	Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	31 kDa
Gene Name:	tropomyosin 1 (alpha)
Database Link:	<a href="#">NP_000357</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 7168 Human</a> <a href="#">P09493</a>



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**Background:**

TPM1 is a member of the tropomyosin family of highly conserved, widely distributed actin-binding proteins involved in the contractile system of striated and smooth muscles and the cytoskeleton of non-muscle cells. Tropomyosin is composed of two alpha-helical chains arranged as a coiled-coil. It is polymerized end to end along the two grooves of actin filaments and provides stability to the filaments. The protein is one type of alpha helical chain that forms the predominant tropomyosin of striated muscle, where it also functions in association with the troponin complex to regulate the calcium-dependent interaction of actin and myosin during muscle contraction. This gene is a member of the tropomyosin family of highly conserved, widely distributed actin-binding proteins involved in the contractile system of striated and smooth muscles and the cytoskeleton of non-muscle cells. Tropomyosin is composed of two alpha-helical chains arranged as a coiled-coil. It is polymerized end to end along the two grooves of actin filaments and provides stability to the filaments. The encoded protein is one type of alpha helical chain that forms the predominant tropomyosin of striated muscle, where it also functions in association with the troponin complex to regulate the calcium-dependent interaction of actin and myosin during muscle contraction. In smooth muscle and non-muscle cells, alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding a range of isoforms have been described. Mutations in this gene are associated with type 3 familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.

**Synonyms:**

C15orf13; CMD1Y; CMH3; HEL-S-265; HTM-alpha; LVNC9; TMSA

**Note:**

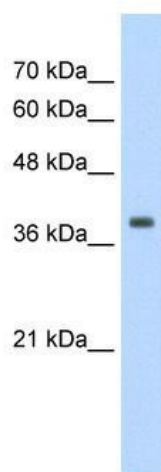
Immunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Zebrafish: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%; Horse: 93%; Sheep: 93%; Bovine: 93%

**Protein Families:**

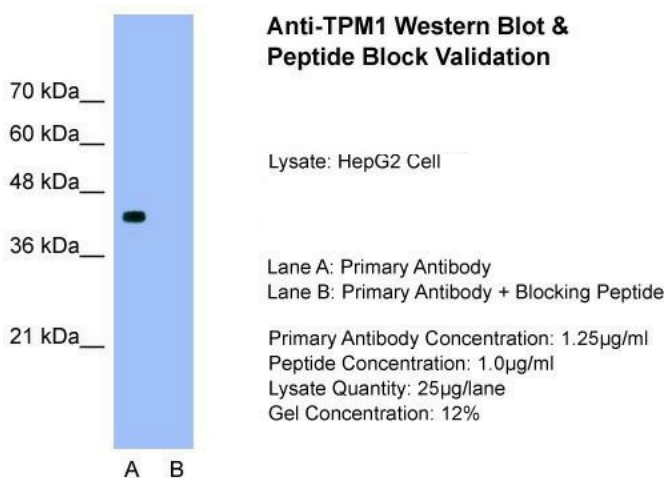
Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:**

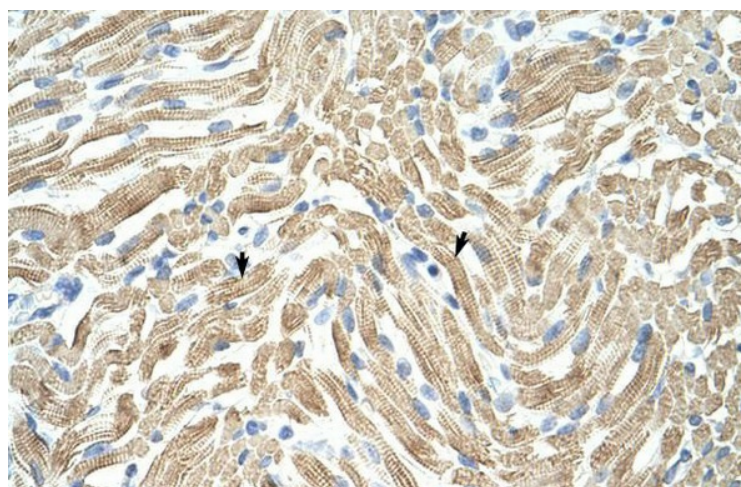
Cardiac muscle contraction, Dilated cardiomyopathy, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM)

**Product images:**

WB Suggested Anti-TPM1 Antibody Titration: 1.25 ug/ml; Positive Control: HepG2 cell lysate



Host: Rabbit; Target Name: TPM1; Sample Tissue: HepG2; Lane A: Primary Antibody; Lane B: Primary Antibody + Blocking Peptide; Primary Antibody Concentration: 1.25 µg/mL; Peptide Concentration: 1.0 µg/mL; Lysate Quantity: 25 µg/lane; Gel Concentration: 12%



Rabbit Anti-TPM1 Antibody; Paraffin Embedded Tissue: Human Muscle; Cellular Data: Skeletal muscle cells; Antibody Concentration: 4.0-8.0 µg/ml; Magnification: 400X