

## **Product datasheet for TA345878**

## **ILF3 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications:IHC, WBRecommended Dilution:WB, IHCReactivity:HumanHost:RabbitIsotype:IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for anti-ILF3 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal of

human ILF3. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: PTQEELEAVQNMVSHTERALKAVSDWIDEQEKGSSEQAESDNMDVPPEDD

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Store** at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 76 kDa

**Gene Name:** interleukin enhancer binding factor 3

Database Link: NP 004507

Entrez Gene 3609 Human

Q12906



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Background:

ILF3 may facilitate double-stranded RNA-regulated gene expression at the level of posttranscription. ILF3 can act as a translation inhibitory protein which binds to coding sequences of acid beta-glucosidase (GCase) and other mRNAs and functions at the initiation phase of GCase mRNA translation, probably by inhibiting its binding to polysomes. ILF3 can regulate protein arginine N-methyltransferase 1 activity. ILF3 may regulate transcription of the IL2 gene during T-cell activation. It can promote the formation of stable DNA-dependent protein kinase holoenzyme complexes on DNA.Nuclear factor of activated T-cells (NFAT) is a transcription factor required for T-cell expression of interleukin 2. NFAT binds to a sequence in the IL2 enhancer known as the antigen receptor response element 2. In addition, NFAT can bind RNA and is an essential component for encapsidation and protein priming of hepatitis B viral polymerase. NFAT is a heterodimer of 45 kDa and 90 kDa proteins, the larger of which is the product of this gene. The encoded protein, which is primarily localized to ribosomes, probably regulates transcription at the level of mRNA elongation. At least three transcript variants encoding three different isoforms have been found for this gene. Nuclear factor of activated T-cells (NFAT) is a transcription factor required for T-cell expression of interleukin 2. NFAT binds to a sequence in the IL2 enhancer known as the antigen receptor response element 2. In addition, NFAT can bind RNA and is an essential component for encapsidation and protein priming of hepatitis B viral polymerase. NFAT is a heterodimer of 45 kDa and 90 kDa proteins, the larger of which is the product of this gene. The encoded protein, which is primarily localized to ribosomes, probably regulates transcription at the level of mRNA elongation. At least three transcript variants encoding three different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Synonyms: CBTF; DRBF; DRBP76; MMP4; MPHOSPH4; MPP4; NF-AT-90; NF90a; NF90b; NF110;

NF110b; NFAR; NFAR-1

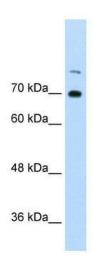
Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Pig: 100%; Human: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%; Rat: 93%;

Horse: 93%; Dog: 86%; Bovine: 86%; Rabbit: 85%

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors



## **Product images:**

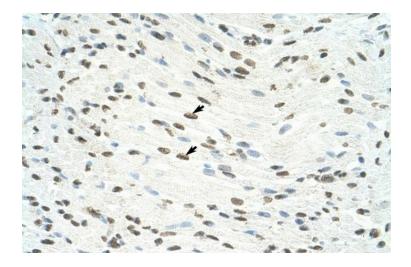


WB Suggested Anti-ILF3 Antibody Titration: 0.0625 ug/ml; Positive Control: Raji cell lysate; There is BioGPS gene expression data showing that ILF3 is expressed in Raji



Rabbit Anti-ILF3 Antibody; Paraffin Embedded Tissue: Human Heart; Cellular Data: Myocardial cells; Antibody Concentration: 4.0-8.0 ug/ml; Magnification: 400X





Rabbit Anti-ILF3 Antibody; Paraffin Embedded Tissue: Human Muscle; Cellular Data: Skeletal muscle cells; Antibody Concentration: 4.0-8.0 ug/ml; Magnification: 400X