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Product datasheet for TA344390

MACROH2A1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	lgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for anti-H2AFY antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region of human H2AFY. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: PVSKKAGGKKGARKSKKQGEVSKAASADSTTEGTPADGFTVLSTKSLFLG
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Purification:	Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	39 kDa
Gene Name:	H2A histone family member Y
Database Link:	<u>NP_001035248</u> <u>Entrez Gene 9555 Human</u> <u>O75367</u>



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Serigene MACROH2A1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA344390

Background:	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. H2AFY is a member of the histone H2A family. It replaces conventional H2A histones in a subset of nucleosomes where it represses transcription and participates in stable X chromosome inactivation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene encodes a member of the histone H2A family. It replaces conventional H2A histones in a subset of nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene encodes a member of the histone H2A family. It replaces conventional H2A histones in a subset of nucleosomes where it represses transcription and participates in stable X chromosome inactivation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.
Synonyms:	H2A; H2A.y; H2AF12M; MACROH2A1.1; macroH2A1.2; mH2A1; y
Note:	Immunogen Sequence Homology: Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Dog: 93%; Horse: 93%; Guinea pig: 93%
Protein Pathways:	Systemic lupus erythematosus

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-H2AFY Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1:312500; Positive Control: 293T cell lysateH2AFY is strongly supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in Human HEK293T cells

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