

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Product datasheet for TA344127

### **UPB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	lgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for anti-UPB1 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region of human UPB1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: AVVISNSGAVLGKTRKNHIPRVGDFNESTYYMEGNLGHPVFQTQFGRIAV
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.
Purification:	Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	42 kDa
Gene Name:	beta-ureidopropionase 1
Database Link:	<u>NP_057411</u> <u>Entrez Gene 51733 Human</u> <u>Q9UBR1</u>

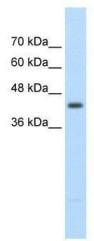


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## **DRIGENE** UPB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA344127

Background:	UPB1 is a protein that belongs to the CN hydrolase family. Beta-ureidopropionase catalyzes the last step in the pyrimidine degradation pathway. The pyrimidine bases uracil and thymine are degraded via the consecutive action of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DHPDH), dihydropyrimidinase (DHP) and beta-ureidopropionase (UP) to beta-alanine and beta-aminoisobutyric acid, respectively. UP deficiencies are associated with N-carbamyl-beta-amino aciduria and may lead to abnormalities in neurological activityThis gene encodes a protein that belongs to the CN hydrolase family. Beta-ureidopropionase catalyzes the last step in the pyrimidine degradation pathway. The pyrimidine bases uracil and thymine are degraded via the consecutive action of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DHPDH), dihydropyrimidinase (DHP) and beta-ureidopropionase (UP) to beta-alanine and beta-aminoisobutyric acid, respectively. UP deficiencies are associated with N-carbamyl-beta-amino aciduria and may lead to abnormalities in neurological activityThis gene encodes a protein that belongs to the CN hydrolase family. Beta-ureidopropionase catalyzes the last step in the pyrimidine degradation pathway. The pyrimidine bases uracil and thymine are degraded via the consecutive action of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DHPDH), dihydropyrimidinase (DHP) and beta-ureidopropionase (UP) to beta-alanine and beta-aminoisobutyric acid, respectively. UP deficiencies are associated with N-carbamyl-beta-amino aciduria and may lead to abnormalities in neurological activity.
Synonyms:	BUP1
Note:	lmmunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Goat: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Zebrafish: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%
Protein Pathways:	beta-Alanine metabolism, Drug metabolism - other enzymes, Metabolic pathways, Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis, Pyrimidine metabolism

### **Product images:**



WB Suggested Anti-UPB1 Antibody Titration: 2.5 ug/ml; Positive Control: Jurkat cell lysate

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