

## **Product datasheet for TA340094**

## HAX1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB

Reactivity: Mouse, Human

**Host:** Rabbit

**Isotype:** IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** The immunogen for anti-HAX1 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle

region of human HAX1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region:

LPGPESETPGERLREGQTLRDSMLKYPDSHQPRIFGGVLESDARSESPQP

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

**Concentration:** lot specific

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 31 kDa

**Gene Name:** HCLS1 associated protein X-1

Database Link: NP 006109

Entrez Gene 23897 MouseEntrez Gene 10456 Human

O00165



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Background:

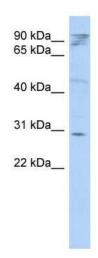
HAX1 is known to associate with hematopoietic cell-specific Lyn substrate 1, a substrate of Src family tyrosine kinases. It also interacts with the product of the polycystic kidney disease 2 gene, mutations in which are associated with autosomal-dominant polycystic kidney disease, and with the F-actin-binding protein, cortactin. It was earlier thought that this gene product is mainly localized in the mitochondria, however, recent studies indicate it to be localized in the cell body. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal recessive severe congenital neutropenia, also known as Kostmann disease. The protein encoded by this gene is known to associate with hematopoietic cell-specific Lyn substrate 1, a substrate of Src family tyrosine kinases. It also interacts with the product of the polycystic kidney disease 2 gene, mutations in which are associated with autosomal-dominant polycystic kidney disease, and with the F-actin-binding protein, cortactin. It was earlier thought that this gene product is mainly localized in the mitochondria, however, recent studies indicate it to be localized in the cell body. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal recessive severe congenital neutropenia, also known as Kostmann disease. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Synonyms: HCLSBP1; HS1BP1; SCN3

Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Pig: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%;

Dog: 93%; Rat: 93%; Bovine: 86%; Horse: 85%

## **Product images:**



WB Suggested Anti-HAX1 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1: 62500; Positive Control: COLO205 cell lysateHAX1 is supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in COLO205