

Product datasheet for TA339839

MDFIC Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for anti-MDFIC antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle

region of human MDFIC. Synthetic peptide located within the following region:

PQLQTSAQVPSGEEIGKIKNGHTGLSNGNGIHHGAKHGSADNRKLSAPVS

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 37 kDa

Gene Name: MyoD family inhibitor domain containing

Database Link: NP 951038

Entrez Gene 29969 Human

Q9P1T7



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Background:

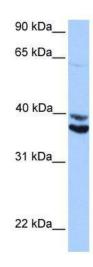
MDFIC is a member of a family of proteins characterized by a specific cysteine-rich C-terminal domain, which is involved in transcriptional regulation of viral genome expression. Alternative translation initiation from an upstream non-AUG (GUG), and an in-frame, downstream AUG codon, results in the production of two isoforms, p40 and p32, respectively, which have different subcellular localization; p32 is mainly found in the cytoplasm, whereas p40 is targeted to the nucleolus. Both isoforms have transcriptional regulatory activity that is attributable to the cysteine-rich C-terminal domain. This gene product is a member of a family of proteins characterized by a specific cysteine-rich C-terminal domain, which is involved in transcriptional regulation of viral genome expression. Alternative translation initiation from an upstream non-AUG (GUG), and an in-frame, downstream AUG codon, results in the production of two isoforms, p40 and p32, respectively, which have different subcellular localization; p32 is mainly found in the cytoplasm, whereas p40 is targeted to the nucleolus. Both isoforms have transcriptional regulatory activity that is attributable to the cysteine-rich C-terminal domain.

Synonyms: HIC

Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Human: 100%; Horse: 93%; Rabbit: 93%; Dog: 86%; Pig:

86%; Rat: 79%; Bovine: 79%

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-MDFIC Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; Positive Control: HepG2 cell lysate