

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Product datasheet for TA339209

## **OAS1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB, IHC
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for anti-OAS1 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region of human OAS1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: RRQLTKPRPVILDPADPTGNLGGGDPKGWRQLAQEAEAWLNYPCFKNWDG
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein A purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	47 kDa
Gene Name:	2'-5'-oligoadenylate synthetase 1
Database Link:	<u>NP_001027581</u> <u>Entrez Gene 4938 Human</u> <u>P00973</u>



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#### **ORIGENE** OAS1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA339209

Background: This protein is a member of the 2-5A synthetase family, essential proteins involved in the innate immune response to viral infection. The encoded protein is induced by interferons and uses adenosine triphosphate in 2'-specific nucleotidyl transfer reactions to synthesize 2',5'-oligoadenylates (2-5As). These molecules activate latent RNase L, which results in viral RNA degradation and the inhibition of viral replication. This gene encodes a member of the 2-5A synthetase family, essential proteins involved in the innate immune response to viral infection. The encoded protein is induced by interferons and uses adenosine triphosphate in 2'-specific nucleotidyl transfer reactions to synthesize 2',5'-oligoadenylates (2-5As). These molecules activate latent RNase L, which results (2-5As). These molecules activate latent replication and uses adenosine triphosphate in 2'-specific nucleotidyl transfer reactions to synthesize 2',5'-oligoadenylates (2-5As). These molecules activate latent RNase L, which results in viral RNA degradation and the inhibition of viral replication. The encoded protein is induced by interferons and uses adenosine triphosphate in 2'-specific nucleotidyl transfer reactions to synthesize 2',5'-oligoadenylates (2-5As). These molecules activate latent RNase L, which results in viral RNA degradation and the inhibition of viral replication. The three known members of this gene family are located in a cluster on chromosome 12. Mutations in this gene have been associated with host susceptibility to viral infection. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described.

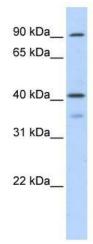
Synonyms:	IFI-4; OIAS; OIASI
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Immunogen Sequence Homology: Human: 100%; Dog: 93%; Pig: 93%; Rat: 93%; Horse: 93%; Mouse: 93%; Bovine: 93%; Guinea pig: 87%; Rabbit: 86%

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

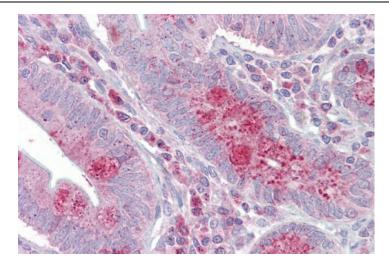
### **Product images:**

Note:



WB Suggested Anti-OAS1 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1: 312500; Positive Control: Transfected 293T

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Immunohistochemistry with Small intestine tissue

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