

## Product datasheet for **TA338643**

### GDAP1L1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Product Type:           | Primary Antibodies   |
| Applications:           | WB   |
| Recommended Dilution:   | WB   |
| Reactivity:             | Human  |
| Host:                   | Rabbit   |
| Isotype:                | IgG  |
| Clonality:              | Polyclonal   |
| Immunogen:              | The immunogen for anti-GDAP1L1 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal of human GDAP1L1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: ERDVSLPQSEHKPEWFMRLNLGEEVPVIIHRDNIISDYDQIIDYVERTFT |
| Formulation:            | Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.<br><i>Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.</i>                                |
| Concentration:          | lot specific   |
| Purification:           | Protein A purified   |
| Conjugation:            | Unconjugated   |
| Storage:                | Store at -20°C as received.  |
| Stability:              | Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.   |
| Predicted Protein Size: | 42 kDa   |
| Gene Name:              | ganglioside induced differentiation associated protein 1-like 1  |
| Database Link:          | <a href="#">NP_076939</a><br><a href="#">Entrez Gene 78997 Human</a><br><a href="#">Q96MZO</a>   |



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**Background:**

The ganglioside GD3 synthase causes cell differentiation with neurite sprouting when transfected into the mouse neuroblastoma cell line Neuro2a. After differentiation, the expression of several genes is upregulated, including one that encodes a protein termed ganglioside-induced differentiation-associated protein 1 (Gdap1). A similar gene was found in humans, and mutations in the human gene are associated with Charcot-Marie-Tooth type 4A disease. GDAP1L1 is similar in sequence to the human GDAP1 protein. The ganglioside GD3 synthase causes cell differentiation with neurite sprouting when transfected into the mouse neuroblastoma cell line Neuro2a. After differentiation, the expression of several genes is upregulated, including one that encodes a protein termed ganglioside-induced differentiation-associated protein 1 (Gdap1). A similar gene was found in humans, and mutations in the human gene are associated with Charcot-Marie-Tooth type 4A disease. The protein encoded by this gene is similar in sequence to the human GDAP1 protein.

**Synonyms:**

dj881L22.1; dj995J12.1.1

**Note:**

Immunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%; Zebrafish: 79%

**Protein Families:**

Transmembrane

**Product images:**

WB Suggested Anti-GDAP1L1 Antibody Titration:  
0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1: 62500; Positive  
Control: Human Muscle