

Product datasheet for TA336393

MBD3 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 106B691]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	106B691
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 2 ug/ml
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1, kappa
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Between amino acids 200-250 of human MBD3 protein were used as the immunogen.
Formulation:	PBS containing 0.05% BSA, 0.05% Sodium Azide. Store at 4C short term. Aliquot and store at - 20C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	methyl-CpG binding domain protein 3
Database Link:	<u>NP_001268382</u> <u>Entrez Gene 53615 Human</u> <u>O95983</u>



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Serigene MBD3 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 106B691] – TA336393

Background: DNA methylation, or the addition of methyl groups to cytosine bases in the dinucleotide CpG, is imperative to proper development and regulates gene expression. The methylation pattern involves the enzymatic processes of methylation and demethylation. The demethylation enzyme was recently found to be a mammalian protein, which exhibits demethylase activity associated to a methyl-CpG-binding domain (MBD). The enzyme is able to revert methylated cytosine bases to cytosines within the particular dinucleotide sequence mdCpdG by catalyzing the cleaving of the methyl group as methanol. MeCP2 and MBD1 (PCM1) are first found to repress transcription by binding specifically to methylated DNA. MBD2 and MBD4 (also known as MED1) were later found to colocalize with foci of heavily methylated satellite DNA and believed to mediate the biological functions of the methylation signal. Surprisingly, MBD3 does not bind methylated DNA both in vivo and in vitro. MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 are found to be expressed in somatic tissues, but the expression of MBD1 and MBD2 is reduced or absent in embryonic stem cells, which are known to be deficient in MeCP1 activity. MBD4 have homology to bacterial base excision repair DNA N-glycosylases/lyases. In some microsatellite unstable tumors MBD4 is mutated at an exonic polynucleotide tract.

Synonyms:

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

MBD3

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