

Product datasheet for **TA336344**

SIRT5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

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| Product Type: | Primary Antibodies |
| Applications: | WB |
| Recommended Dilution: | Western Blot: 1-3 ug/ml |
| Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Immunogen: | A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 30-46 of human SIRT5 was used as immunogen. |
| Formulation: | PBS containing 0.05% BSA, 0.05% Sodium Azide. Store at 4C short term. Aliquot and store at -20C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Concentration: | lot specific |
| Purification: | Protein G purified |
| Conjugation: | Unconjugated |
| Storage: | Store at -20°C as received. |
| Stability: | Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. |
| Gene Name: | sirtuin 5 |
| Database Link: | NP_112534 Entrez Gene 68346 Mouse Entrez Gene 306840 Rat Entrez Gene 23408 Human Q9NXA8 |
| Background: | SIRT5 is a human member of a family of proteins called Sirtuins (Sir2-like proteins) and are present in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. All Sir2-like proteins have a sirtuin core domain, which contains a series of sequence motifs conserved in organisms ranging from bacteria to humans. Bacterial, yeast and mammalian sirtuins are able to metabolize NAD and possibly at as mono-ADP-ribosyltransferases. The enzymatic function of sirtuins is not yet completely understood but recent reports of histone-activated Sir2-mediated NAD metabolism and NAD-activated Sir2-mediated histone deacetylation suggest a possible coupled reciprocal activation mechanism involving interactions of Sir2 with NAD and the N epsilon-acetyl-lysine groups of acetylated histones. |

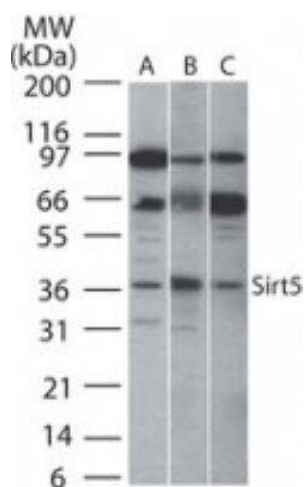


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Synonyms: SIR2L5

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Product images:



Western Blot: Sirtuin 5/SIRT5 Antibody TA336344
- Analysis of Sirtuin 5/SIRT5 in A) human, B) mouse and C) rat intestine cell lysate using this antibody at 2 ug/ml.