

Product datasheet for **TA336251**

XPG (ERCC5) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for Anti-ERCC5 Antibody is: synthetic peptide directed towards the N-terminal region of Human ERCC5. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: HSGHIRRQYEDEGGFLKEVESRRVSEDTSHYILIKGIQAKTVAEVDSES
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. <i>Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.</i>
Purification:	Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	130 kDa
Gene Name:	ERCC excision repair 5, endonuclease
Database Link:	NP_000114 Entrez Gene 2073 Human P28715



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Background:	This gene encodes a single-strand specific DNA endonuclease that makes the 3' incision in DNA excision repair following UV-induced damage. The protein may also function in other cellular processes, including RNA polymerase II transcription, and transcription-coupled DNA repair. Mutations in this gene cause xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group G (XP-G), which is also referred to as xeroderma pigmentosum VII (XP7), a skin disorder characterized by hypersensitivity to UV light and increased susceptibility for skin cancer development following UV exposure. Some patients also develop Cockayne syndrome, which is characterized by severe growth defects, mental retardation, and cachexia. Read-through transcription exists between this gene and the neighboring upstream BIVM (basic, immunoglobulin-like variable motif containing) gene.
Synonyms:	COFS3; ERCC5-201; ERCC5; UVDR; XPG; XPGC
Note:	Immunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transcription Factors
Protein Pathways:	Nucleotide excision repair

Product images: