

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Product datasheet for TA336249

# **ETFA Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

# **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for Anti-ETFA Antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region of human ETFA. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: VVSGGRGLKSGENFKLLYDLADQLHAAVGASRAAVDAGFVPNDMQVGQTG
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.
Purification:	Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	35 kDa
Gene Name:	electron transfer flavoprotein alpha subunit
Database Link:	<u>NP_000117</u> <u>Entrez Gene 2108 Human</u> <u>P13804</u>



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#### **GRIGENE** ETFA Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA336249

Background: ETFA participates in catalyzing the initial step of the mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation. It shuttles electrons between primary flavoprotein dehydrogenases and the membrane-bound electron transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electron-transfer-flavoprotein have been implicated in type II glutaricaciduria in which multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiencies result in large excretion of glutaric, lactic, ethylmalonic, butyric, isobutyric, 2-methyl-butyric, and isovaleric acids.ETFA participates in catalyzing the initial step of the mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation. It shuttles electrons between primary flavoprotein dehydrogenases and the membrane-bound electron transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electrons between primary flavoprotein dehydrogenases and the membrane-bound electron transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electron-transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electron-transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electron-transfer flavoprotein have been implicated in type II glutaricaciduria in which multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiencies result in large excretion of glutaric, lactic, ethylmalonic, butyric, isobutyric, 2-methyl-butyric, and isovaleric acids. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.
 Synonyms: EMA; GA2; MADD

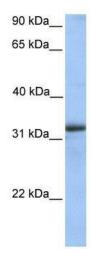
 Note:
 Immunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human:

 100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%; Zebrafish: 93%; Yeast:

 92%; Goat: 86%

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

### **Product images:**



# WB Suggested Anti-ETFA Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; Positive Control: Human heart

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