

## **Product datasheet for TA335922**

## **SEPP1 (SELENOP) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

**Isotype:** IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** The immunogen for Anti-SEPP1 Antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal

of human SEPP1. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: LGLALALCLLPSGGTESQDQSSLCKQPPAWSIRDQDPMLNSNGSVTVVAL

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

**Purification:** Affinity Purified

Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Store** at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 46 kDa

**Gene Name:** selenoprotein P, plasma, 1

Database Link: NP 001087195

Entrez Gene 6414 Human

P49908



**OriGene Technologies, Inc.** 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Background:

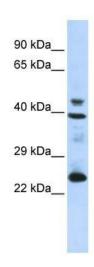
SEPP1 is a selenoprotein containing multiple selenocysteine (Sec) residues, which are encoded by the UGA codon that normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTR of selenoprotein genes have a common stem-loop structure, the sec insertion sequence (SECIS), which is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon rather than as a stop signal. This selenoprotein is an extracellular glycoprotein, and is unusual in that it contains 10 Sec residues per polypeptide. It is a heparin-binding protein that appears to be associated with endothelial cells, and has been implicated to function as an antioxidant in the extracellular space. This gene encodes a selenoprotein containing multiple selenocysteine (Sec) residues, which are encoded by the UGA codon that normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTR of selenoprotein genes have a common stem-loop structure, the sec insertion sequence (SECIS), which is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon rather than as a stop signal. This selenoprotein is an extracellular glycoprotein, and is unusual in that it contains 10 Sec residues per polypeptide. It is a heparin-binding protein that appears to be associated with endothelial cells, and has been implicated to function as an antioxidant in the extracellular space. Several transcript variants, encoding either the same or different isoform, have been found for this gene.

Synonyms: SELP; SeP; SEPP; SEPP1

Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Human: 100%; Horse: 85%

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein

## **Product images:**



WB Suggested Anti-SEPP1 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1:312500; Positive Control: 293T cell lysate. SEPP1 is supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in HEK293T