

Product datasheet for TA335848

Inhibin alpha (INHA) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for Anti-INHA Antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal of

human INHA. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: GLAQEAEEGLFRYMFRPSQHTRSRQVTSAQLWFHTGLDRQGTAASNSSEP

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 40 kDa

Gene Name: inhibin alpha subunit

Database Link: NP 002182

Entrez Gene 3623 Human

P05111



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Background:

INHA joins either the beta A or beta B subunit to form a pituitary FSH secretion inhibitor. Inhibin has been shown to regulate gonadal stromal cell proliferation negatively and to have tumour-suppressor activity. In addition, serum levels of inhibin have been shown to reflect the size of granulosa-cell tumors and can therefore be used as a marker for primary as well as recurrent disease. However, in prostate cancer, expression of the inhibin alpha-subunit gene was suppressed and was not detectable in poorly differentiated tumor cells. Furthermore, because expression in gonadal and various extragonadal tissues may vary severalfold in a tissue-specific fashion, it is proposed that inhibin may be both a growth/differentiation factor and a hormone. The inhibin alpha subunit joins either the beta A or beta B subunit to form a pituitary FSH secretion inhibitor. Inhibin has been shown to regulate gonadal stromal cell proliferation negatively and to have tumour-suppressor activity. In addition, serum levels of inhibin have been shown to reflect the size of granulosa-cell tumors and can therefore be used as a marker for primary as well as recurrent disease. However, in prostate cancer, expression of the inhibin alpha-subunit gene was suppressed and was not detectable in poorly differentiated tumor cells. Furthermore, because expression in gonadal and various extragonadal tissues may vary severalfold in a tissue-specific fashion, it is proposed that inhibin may be both a growth/differentiation factor and a hormone. Publication Note: This RefSeq record includes a subset of the publications that are available for this gene. Please see the Entrez Gene record to access additional publications.

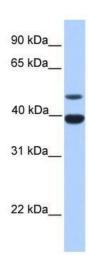
Synonyms: A-inhibin subunit; alpha; inhibin; inhibin alpha subunit

Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Pig: 100%; Goat: 100%; Human: 100%; Sheep: 100%;

Bovine: 100%; Rat: 93%; Horse: 93%; Dog: 86%; Mouse: 86%; Yeast: 79%; Rabbit: 79%

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-INHA Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; Positive Control: Human Liver