

Product datasheet for TA334295

EAAT2 (SLC1A2) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications:IHC, WBRecommended Dilution:WB, IHCReactivity:HumanHost:RabbitIsotype:IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for anti-SLC1A2 antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle

region of human SLC1A2. Synthetic peptide located within the following region:

LVAVDWLLDRMRTSVNVVGDSFGAGIVYHLSKSELDTIDSQHRVHEDIEM

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 62 kDa

Gene Name: solute carrier family 1 member 2

Database Link: NP 004162

Entrez Gene 6506 Human

P43004



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Background:

SLC1A2 is a member of a family of solute transporter proteins. The membrane-bound protein is the principal transporter that clears the excitatory neurotransmitter glutamate from the extracellular space at synapses in the central nervous system. Glutamate clearance is necessary for proper synaptic activation and to prevent neuronal damage from excessive activation of glutamate receptors. Mutations in and decreased expression of this protein are associated with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but their full-length nature is not known. This gene encodes a member of a family of solute transporter proteins. The membrane-bound protein is the principal transporter that clears the excitatory neurotransmitter glutamate from the extracellular space at synapses in the central nervous system. Glutamate clearance is necessary for proper synaptic activation and to prevent neuronal damage from excessive activation of glutamate receptors. Mutations in and decreased expression of this protein are associated with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but their full-length nature is not known. Publication Note: This RefSeq record includes a subset of the publications that are available for this gene. Please see the Entrez Gene record to access additional publications.

Synonyms: EAAT2; GLT-1; HBGT

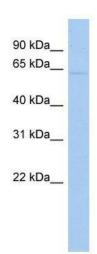
Note: Immunogen Sequence Homology: Dog: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rat: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human:

100%; Mouse: 100%; Bovine: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Guinea pig: 100%; Zebrafish: 92%

Protein Families: Transmembrane

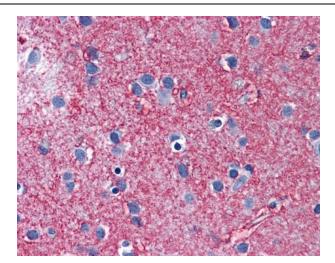
Protein Pathways: Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-SLC1A2 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1:12500; Positive Control: HT1080 cell lysate





Brain, cortex