

Product datasheet for TA334029

TAF2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: 10k-ChIP, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB, Chip

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The immunogen for Anti-TAF2 Antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region

of human TAF2. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: RKRNVLELEIKQDYTSPGTQKYVGPLKVTVQELDGSFNHTLQIEENSLKH

Formulation: Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2%

sucrose.

Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.

Purification: Affinity Purified
Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 137 kDa

Gene Name: TATA-box binding protein associated factor 2

Database Link: NP 003175

Entrez Gene 6873 Human

Q6P1X5



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Background:

Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. TAF2 is one of the larger subunits of TFIID that is stably associated with the TFIID complex. It contributes to interactions at and downstream of the transcription initiation site, interactions that help determine transcription complex response to activators. Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the larger subunits of TFIID that is stably associated with the TFIID complex. It contributes to interactions at and downstream of the transcription initiation site, interactions that help determine transcription complex response to activators. Publication Note: This RefSeq record includes a subset of the publications that are available for this gene. Please see the Entrez Gene record to access additional publications.

Synonyms: CIF150; MRT40; TAF2B; TAFII150

Note: Immunogen sequence homology: Bovine: 100%; Chicken: 100%; Dog: 100%; Guinea pig:

100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Pig: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Rat: 100%; African

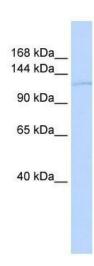
clawed frog: 92%; Zebrafish: 85%

Protein Families: Protease, Transcription Factors

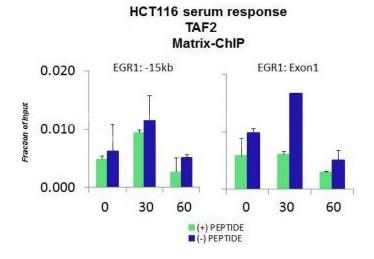
Protein Pathways: Basal transcription factors



Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-TAF2 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml; ELISA Titer: 1:12500; Positive Control: 293T cell lysateTAF2 is supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in HEK293T



Quiescent human colon carcinoma HCT116 cultures were treated with 10% FBS for three time points (0, 15, 30min) or (0, 30, 60min) were used in Matrix-ChIP and real-time PCR assays at EGR1 gene (Exon1) and 15kb upstream site.