

Product datasheet for **TA333156S**

ACAT1 (ACACA) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

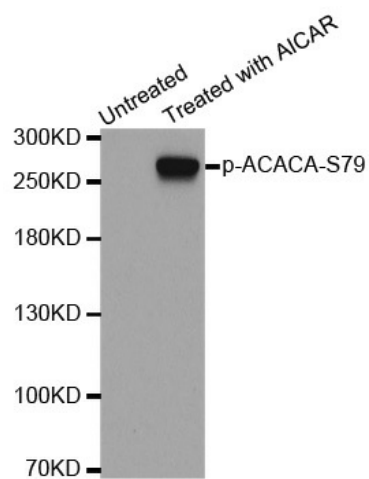
Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:500 - 1:2000
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Modifications:	Phospho-specific
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A phospho specific peptide corresponding to residues surrounding S79 of human ACACA
Formulation:	PBS with 0.05% proclin300,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	2346
Gene Name:	acetyl-CoA carboxylase alpha
Database Link:	NP_942134 Entrez Gene 60581 Rat Entrez Gene 107476 Mouse Entrez Gene 31 Human Q13085
Background:	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin-containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteric transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.



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Synonyms:	ACAC; ACACAD; ACC; ACC1; ACCA
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Fatty acid biosynthesis, Insulin signaling pathway, Metabolic pathways, Propanoate metabolism, Pyruvate metabolism

Product images:

Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 cells using Phospho-ACACA-S79 antibody.