

Product datasheet for **TA332648**

Diazepam Binding Inhibitor (DBI) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IP, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:500 - 1:2000
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein of human DBI
Formulation:	Store at -20°C (regular) and -80°C (long term). Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	diazepam binding inhibitor, acyl-CoA binding protein
Database Link:	NP_065438 Entrez Gene 1622 Human P07108



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Background:

This gene encodes diazepam binding inhibitor, a protein that is regulated by hormones and is involved in lipid metabolism and the displacement of beta-carbolines and benzodiazepines, which modulate signal transduction at type A gamma-aminobutyric acid receptors located in brain synapses. The protein is conserved from yeast to mammals, with the most highly conserved domain consisting of seven contiguous residues that constitute the hydrophobic binding site for medium- and long-chain acyl-Coenzyme A esters. Diazepam binding inhibitor is also known to mediate the feedback regulation of pancreatic secretion and the postprandial release of cholecystokinin, in addition to its role as a mediator in corticotropin-dependent adrenal steroidogenesis. Three pseudogenes located on chromosomes 6, 8 and 16 have been identified. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene.

Synonyms:

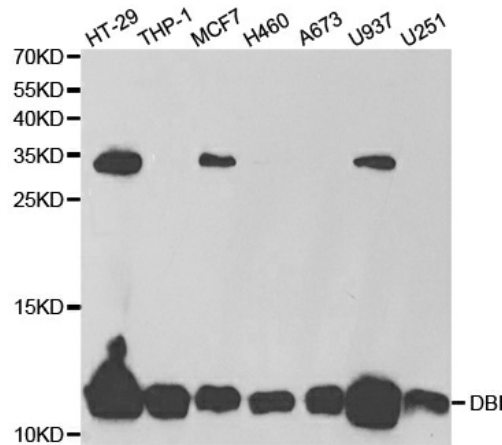
ACBD1; ACBP; CCK-RP; EP

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways:

PPAR signaling pathway

Product images:

Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using DBI antibody.