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Product datasheet for TA332083

MECP2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The immunogen for Anti-MECP2 Antibody: synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal of human MECP2. Synthetic peptide located within the following region: MVAGMLGLREEKSEDQDLQGLKEKPLKFKKVKKDKKEDKEGKHEPLQPSA
Formulation:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. *Note that this product is shipped as lyophilized powder to China customers.*
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	52 kDa
Gene Name:	methyl-CpG binding protein 2
Database Link:	NP_004983 Entrez Gene 4204 Human P51608

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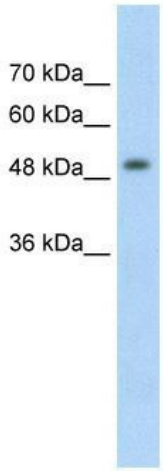
Background: Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. In contrast to other MBD family members, MECP2 is X-linked and subject to X inactivation. MECP2 is dispensible in stem cells, but is essential for embryonic development. MECP2 gene mutations are the cause of some cases of Rett syndrome, a progressive neurologic developmental disorder and one of the most common causes of mental retardation in females.DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. In contrast to other MBD family members, MECP2 is X-linked and subject to X inactivation. MECP2 is dispensible in stem cells, but is essential for embryonic development. MECP2 gene mutations are the cause of some cases of Rett syndrome, a progressive neurologic developmental disorder and one of the most common causes of mental retardation in females.

Synonyms: AUTSX3; MRX16; MRX79; MRXS13; MRXSL; PPMX; RS; RTS; RTT

Note: Immunogen sequence homology: Dog: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Pig: 93%; Rat: 93%; Bovine: 91%

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Product images:



WB Suggested Anti-MECP2 Antibody Titration: 2.5ug/ml; Positive Control: Jurkat cell lysate